جوردان تليمز يومية سياسية تصدر يُأْلِيُّتُجليزية عن المؤسسة الصَّحْفَيَّةُ ٱلْأَرْدِنية «الرايء

#### Libya premier reportedly replaced

CAIRO (R) — Libya's prime minister and foreign minister were replaced in a major cabinet reshuffle Sunday, Egypt's Middle East News Agency (MENA) reported from Libya. Omar Al Montasser was replaced as secretary-general of the General People's Committee, the Libyan cabinet. by Abu Zaid Omar Dourda, it said. MENA said the changes were decided at a people's conference in Misuratha, west of Tripoli. Dourda has previously served in several cabinet posts, including minister of foreign affairs, information, economics and agriculture, it said. Montasser was appointed planning and economy minister in the new government, a move apparently combining two key ministries. Previously Mohammad Lofti Farhat was planning secretary and Farhat Shernama economy and commerce secretary. MENA said Foreign Affairs and International Liaison Secretary Jaddallah Azzouz Al Talhi was replaced by Ibrahim Mohammad Al Bashari while Information and Cultural Secretary Ahmad Ibrahim was replaced by Ali Milad Abu Jaziya. There was no immediate confirmation of the report from official Libyan media.

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AMMAN MONDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1990, RABI'A AWWAL 19, 1411

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

## Israelis to bare raid Gaza mosque

OCCUPIED GAZA STRIP (R) Israeli forces raided a mosque in occupied Gaza City Sunday, confiscating Islamic writings that military officials said might be used to infiame the Palestinian

The midnight raid on Al Salam Mosque also recovered scarves used by activists to hide their faces from Israeli forces, uniforms and clubs, the officials said. They said the commander ordered troops to break into two rooms where a mosque employee accompanying them refused to open the doors. Inside they found some of the materials confis-

Residents accused troops of desecrating the mosque by crasing Koran verses inscribed on the walls, destroying the donations box and decorative glass and writting the name Israel and a Jewish star of David across a map of

On Saturday, Israeli police in Arab Jerusalem fired rubber bullets and teargas to disperse hundreds of stone-throwers protesting at the closure of the main entrance to their village:

Police fired rubber bullets, and tear gas to disperse angry residents of Issawiyeh village, who hurled stones at passers-by and at 2.00 But 27 a Jewish hospital in the area. Two u == tecnagers were wounded and five

second arrested, police said. Earlier this week Israeli forces blocked off the southern entrance of the village to stop stonethrowing incidents along the busy road it faces. Police said they had told village leaders it would only be reopened when peace re-

> In Arab Jerusalem, Palestinian activists set alight six cars overnight. Torching cars, especially those with Israeli licence plates,

(Continued on page 5)

### **Banks continue** to work 6 days

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Central

Bank of Jordan said Sunday the government's decision to observe a two-day weekend does not cover commercial banks. In a circular to commercial banks, the CBJ said that commercial banks will continue to work six days a week. Jordan Phosphates Mines Company Director General Wasef Azar said the company was not covered by the decision and would continue to work six days a week. Azar noted that companies with business relations with international institutions are not covered by the new measures announced Saturday by the govtrument to conserve energy. The decisions do not cover private

sector institutions. Pres and cons, page 3

# **Badran says Gulf** peace hope revived

AMMAN (J.T.) — Prime Minister Mudar Badran Sunday voiced traq had no plans to attack Saudi high optimism that chances for a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis had been revived only a week after it appeared that war was inevitable in the region.

"The drums of war have quietened down," the prime minister told the American Cable News Network (CNN) television in an interview. There is a positive tone in the region, which calls for optimism, he said refer-ring to French President Francois Mitterrand's four-stage peace plan for the Middle East linking the Gulf crisis with other problems in the region and U.S. President George Bush's speech to the U.N. in which he said that Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait could open the door for a settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Badran also noted that the position of the Soviet Union is also close to the position of France. Yegveny Primakov, a special envoy of Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, must have achieved something during his recent visit to Baghdad and talks with Iraqi leaders since he expressed optimism upon his departure while he was pessimistic earlier, the prime minister said.

Badran stressed that the key to comprehensive peace in the Middle East lies in a just solution to

the Palestinian problem. Jordan, from the very onset of the Gulf crisis, has sought a peaceful inter-Arab solution to the problem but "we were misunderstood because of our position and our rejection of internationalising the issue," Badran

Combined agency dispatches

IRAOI INFORMATION minis-

ter has said war with the United

States could erupt "at any mo-

ment" and that his country would

In an interview with the Ger-

man news magazine Der Spiegel,

Latif Nassayif Jassem also repe-

ated his country's warning that

the Middle East would go up in

"We have the power to let the

whole oil region go up in an

inferno," Jassem was quoted as

saying by the Hamburg-based

magazine.
"War can break out at any

moment. But that all depends on

the Americans," he was quoted

"No one has any idea the kind

of explosion that would be set

free, what would happen in the

whole Islamic world," he re-

Jassem said Iraq was not

'destruction-crazy" but would

defend ourselves with every

as saying.

portedly said.

flames if war breaks out.

"every means" to protect

Arabia and that was the reason Amman emphasised that the problem could be resolved by

Arab countries, he said. Badran confirmed that the Saudi ambassador to Jordan had been recalled and expressed regret that "things have reached this point." He noted that Jordan had recalled its ambassador from Riyadh in protest against Saudi Arabia's expulsion of Jordanian diplomats.

The prime minister rejected

Saudi charges that Jordanian diplomats were involved in activities which could have threatened the security of Saudi Arabia and also regretted that the situation in Jordanian-Saudi relations had deteriorated. "Jordan used to maintain unique relations with Saudi Arabia," he noted. Strain in inter-Arab relations as between Jordan and Saudi Arabia could really harm Arab solidarity and interests, he said and expressed hope that Amman-Riyadh ties would return to normal soon.

The Saudi moves against Jordan were prompted by Amman's pan-Arab stand and its quest for an Arab solution to the Gulf crisis, he said.

Jordan's adherence to the international sanctions imposed on Iraq has severely affected the Kingdom's economy, and it would have lost around \$1.1 billion by the end of the year, he said. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) estimates that Jordan would lose \$2.5 billion during 1991, he added.

Badran referred to a Japanese

Iraq sees war imminent, vows

'every means' to protect itself

"And we have means which

you still don't even suspect. We

wont't let ourselves be simply

Jassem said Iraq had no inten-

Jassem also said Iraq would

tion of attacking Saudi Arabia.

free westerners it is holding as

"guests" if the United States

vows in writing not to attack his

Jassem accused Israel of pre-

paring to launch an offensive

against Iraq, pointing out that

Israelis have been handed out gas

that indicates it wants to attack

us. If Israel delivers the first blow

we will correspondingly strike

back," Jassem was quoted as

tribution of gas masks.

Israel Sunday began the dis-

Israel radio said 25,000 special

masks, designed to fit over

beards, were being imported

Jewish institute in Jerusalem.

Standard masks issued by the

army are not airtight if worn over

"If he has any wisdom he will

depart now before international sanc-

tions cripple the Iraqi economy,

already weakened by war with Iran."
She said Iraq would have to pay for
the damage to property it had inflicted on Kuwait and those accused

of war crimes should be brought to

from Germany by an orthodox

"If Israel is now readying itself

slaughtered," he said.

country.

saying

pledge of \$100 million in loans under soft terms and two other loan packages of \$75 million each, the first under "medium rate of interest" and the second under normal rate of interest.

Badran said that Jordan's position vis-a-vis the U.N. embargo on Iraq was very clear and that Jordan was observing the binding Security Council resolution in this regard. Badran was replying to a question on Jordan's stand towards the embargo on Iraq, given the rejection voiced by Muslim fundamentalists.

Badran said he was unaware of any such feelings about Jordan's rence to the Security Council resolutions. However, if such feelings exist, then they are individual feelings, he said. He noted that Jordan had nev-

sion on this subject by any groups or by Parliament. Jordan's full adherence to the Security Council resolutions has received the applause of the chairman of the council's Sanc-

er been asked to reverse its deci-

tions Committee, he said. The energy-saving measures the government intends to apply as of next Saturday have been prompted by the shortage of oil supplies, Badran said. He noted that Jordan is currently using part of its oil reserves instead of building such reserves. Given this situation, Jordan resorted to a host of measures, including a five-day working week, closure of shops at 7:00 p.m. putting off street lights at 5 a.m. as well as other measures, he said.

(Continued on page 5)

The biggest-selling newspapers

— Yedioth Ahronoth and Marriv

- published screaming headlines

quoting U.S. Defence Secretary

Dick Cheney on American televi-

sion saying an Iraqi attack on

use (its) military capability to try

to break the embargo, to perhaps

attack Saudi Arabia or to lash out

at Israel or in some other

fashion use (us) force to try to

change the dynamics of the cir-

cumstance. And we have to be

in a CNN television interview.

ching any possible attack.

' he said.

prepared for that," Chency said

Cheney said that U.S. forces

"It's possible that (Iraq) will

Israel was "a real possibility."

## His Majesty King Hussein receives Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan) King, Arafat review **Gulf peace efforts**

### PLO leader says Jordan leading efforts for Arab solution to crisis

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter with agency dispatches

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat Sunday discussed efforts to resolve the Gulf crisis and other Middle Eastern problems through political means and made an assessment of the positions of various countries towards

the region's conflicts. The King and Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), discussed efforts made at the Arab and international levels to find a political settlement to the Guif crisis and other problems in the Middle East." the Jordan News Agency,

the King and Arafat also stressed the positions of various countries whose leaders have come out with statement indirectly linking the Gulf crisis with the rest of the problems of the Middle East the Arab-Israeli conflict and the

Lebanese strife. Following the meeting Arafat told reporters that King Hussein was leading efforts for an Arab solution to

There are two solutions for the Gulf crisis - an Arab solution and an American solution... His Majesty

King Hussein is leading the Arab solution," he said. The Palestinian leader explained that the basic element of the Arab solution was a linkage between the

Gulf crisis and the other problems plaguing the region. He said that despite initial reserva-

tions an international consensus has emerged stressing such a linkage was

American, Soviet, French, British and Italian leaders.

"What was said to be impossible is emerging as a reality today," he said. Arafat criticised the Arab countries which have attacked the idea of linking a solution to the Gulf crisis to an overall sertlement to the Arab-Israeli

Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Sharaa has contended that such a linkage will only serve Israeli pur-

"I challenge those who were talking about achieving strategic parity (with Israel)... to give an alternative

Heights," Arafat said. He reiterated the PLO's opposition to the U.S.-led military build-up in

the Gulf. 'How would you expect me as the

(Continued on page 5)

### Syrians will not join Gulf offensive — commander

ABU DHABI (Agencies) - Syrian troops were deployed in Saudi Arabia to help oppose any Iraqi attack and would not join an attack on Iraq, their commander said in an interview published Sunday.

"The Syrian forces came to defend Saudi Arabia and Islamic sites," Major General Ali Habib told Al Khaleej newspaper published in Sharjah. "Our forces will not participate in any offensive in the region."

Syria joined a massive U.S.-led military buildup in Saudi Arabia after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on Aug. 2.

But Habib, whose country has been at odds with Iraq for two decades, warned Baghdad against starting a war.

"I hope the Iraqi leadership will not resort to hostilities of any kind because this will inflict heavy losses on their forces," he said.

Syria has some 4,000 troops in Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates. Diplomats said Syria was sending another 11,000

Habib declined to discuss the numbers but said Syria was ready to send more troops if Saudi Arabia asked for them.

Abdul Meguid in Syria

Egyptian Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Megnid arrived in Damascus Sunday for talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad on the

Coulf refers

Abdul Meguid indicated that the purpose of his visit was to boost cooperation in forcing Iraq

Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa indicated that Syrian-Egyptian cooperation formed a cornerstone for cooperation among Arab League countries. An August Arab League resolution called for an Iraqi pullback, but not all members voted for the resolution.

Both Cairo and Damascus are participating in the U.S.-led multinational forces in Saudi Arabia. Sharaa told reporters that their

talks would centre on the Gulf crisis, especially since the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait had caused an "imbalance in the region," which should be redressed "through consultation with our brothers' in Egypt and other Arab states.

Abdul Meguid was accompanied by Osama Al Baz, Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's chief political aide.

Syria has rejected Iraqi demands for an overall settlement to Middle East problems, saying that linking the invasion of Knwait with the Palestinian issue

benefits only Israel. Sharaa, interviewed in the

Saudi newspaper Asharq Al Awsat said Iraq's proposal to link "all situations of occupation" in the Middle East is a "serious

"Iraq in this way gives Israel

(Continued on page 5)

# **Opposition** says **Sabahs** losing support

LONDON (R) — Kuwaiti opposition leaders, united with the ousted ruling family in wanting to rid their homeland of Iraqi troops, are now openly criticising the all-dominant Al Sabahs.

They and some senior Kuwaiti officials say the Al Sabahs. Kuwait's most powerful family since 1756, are losing support among diplomats, financiers and ordinary people by continuing to monopolise positions of influ-

"The pre-invasion mentality has not changed. It is even going from bad to worst," said Ahmad Al Khatib, one of the most prominent leaders of the Kuwaiti opposition.

"By showing that everything belonged to Al Sabah household. they are undermining the sympathy we have been enjoying since the invasion," he told Reuters in an interview at his London home Saturday.

"People who have been sitting on the fence before the crisis and considered loval to Al Sabahs are now becoming openly critical,

one senior Kuwaiti official said. The opposition, which wants a return to democracy in Kuwait after any Iraqi withdrawal, is planning to attend a meeting of up to 1,000 prominent Kuwaitis next Saturday in the Saudi Arabian mountain resort of Taif.

The ruling family's opponents. who have fiercely opposed the Iraqi invasion and rejected approaches from President Saddam Hussein, say Baghdad hasfailed to recruit a single Kuwaiti

But the opposition leaders say the ousted emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, has to show he is a credible leader by working under the 1962 postindependence constitution that allows political freedom and an elected assembly.

The emir dissolved parliament at the height of the 1980-88 and beld elections earlier this year for an assembly with restricted powers and including a large number of appointees. The opposition boycotted the new assembly.

Opposition leaders say that since Iraq's August 2 invasion of Kuwait they have been completely ignored by the emirate's exiled government despite repeated calls for national unity.

Khatib and others say members of the Al Sabah family who have fled Kuwait since Iraq's invasion have taken over the running of diplomatic missions and financial institutions abroad. Sheikh Khaled Al Ahmad Al

Sabah, minister at the emiri court and the younger brother of the emir, was now effectively running the Kuwaiti embassy in London, they said.

Several executives at the London-based Kuwait Investment Office, which handles much of the country's \$100 billion funds abroad, were now taking orders from Sheikh Fahd Al Mohammad Al Sabah and Sheikh Duaij Jaber

Al Ali Al Sabah, they added. "You can't have a credible government whose foreign, finance, defence, interior ministers are all from the (Al Sabah) family," said Abdullah Al Ghanem. a former electricity minister and now an opposition leader.

"The governor of Kuwait's preinvasion central bank and even the head of the slaughterhouse

was an Al Sabah," he said. The opposition leaders do not oppose the emir as such and say there have been no contacts with

third countries on finding an alternative to him. "We are not against the emir as legitimate leader, but we are opposed to the way the Sabahs

are imposing their will on everything," Khatib said. Crown Prince Sheikh Saad Al Abdulia Al Sabah called the fourday Taif meeting, inviting up to

1.000 Al Sabahs, cabinet ministers and prominent Kuwaitis living in exile. The opposition leaders said

they would press for more power-

#### the full beards of pious Jewish means if we are attacked," the (Continued on page 5) magazine reported. ministers

VENICE, Italy (Agencies) — European Community (EC) foreign ministen agreed Sunday there could be no compromise with Iraq and discussed how they might control Iraq's military power if it withdrew from Kuwait

without a war. "We all agreed there were no compromises to be made as regards the content of (U.N.) Security Counel resolutions," British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd told reporters after a weekend of informal talks

at Asolo, near Venice. Saturday's talks were devoted to debate on giving the EC, still mainly an economic bloc, a common foreign

and security policy. The Gulf crisis, which many believe has shown the need for deeper EC integration, dominated Sunday's ses-

Hurd said the ministers agreed to maintain pressure on Iraq through a diplomatic isolation, economic sanctions and the threat of military force-But they put forward contrasting views on how the crisis might evolve. The waiting time (before military action) is running out. There is more chance of conflict than of peace," Span's Francisco Fernandez Ordonez told reporters.

A Dutch spokesman said Foreign Ested that if Iraq met one of the U.N. conditions, for example by arcing Westerners held in Iraq, the

West might think about opening talks There would be no question of negotiating on the other demands the complete withdrawal of Iraqi

forces and the restoration of Kuwait's former government. But the could explain to Iraq that if it fulfilled those obligations too, pressure would be lifted and other talks could begin. U.S. President George Bush and British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher were quoted Sunday as saying they expected Iraq to pull out Kuwait without a war in the Gulf.

I have no doubt that the Gulf

crisis will be resolved by Iraq's complete and unconditional withdrawal from Knwait and by the restoration of the legitimate government of Knwait," Bush told the Sunday Ex-Dress newspaper. He said he did not believe that

litary action was inevitable. "It is my hope that the international sanctions now in place against Iraq will cause Saddam Hussein to recalculate the cost of his aggression and withdraw from Kuwait and that the crisis will be resolved peacefully," he

Thatcher, interviewed by the same newspaper, said the Gulf crisis would ed in favour of internal law and order as expressed in United Nations resolution "That means Saddam Hussein leav-

ing Kuwait on a one-way ticket and

Hard said in Asolo that if Saddam Hussein remained in power after withdrawing from Kuwait - something Western governments have until now regards as untikely — his position would be weakened, especially since he would have conceded all the issues over which he fought the

Gulf war with Iran. "He would have committed two acts of aggression against Islamic countries and both would have failed. He would not be quite the power he was. But he would still be a substantial danger," Hurd said.

In that case, the West would certainly not want to sell arms to Iraq again, and Hurd suggested countries in the region might try to preserve stability by borrowing some of the successful confidence-building measures of the conference on security and cooperation in Europe.

West Germany's Hans-Dietrich
Genscher also insisted that it was

wrong to speak of a "political solu-

tion" to the Gulf crisis since that

what might happen if the West decided military action was needed to end the crisis. Most EC countries would want explicit U.N. backing for any military action by the U.S.-led forces in the region, though Britain argues that this would not legally be

be prepared to do that. But to

During the weekend meeting, Italy ced it was evacuating its diplo mars from Kuwait because they have ran out of food and water and Van would soon follow suit.

nee refused to comply.

Because of the length of the Gulf discussion, ministers did not tackie the issues of normalising relations with China or lifting sanctions against Iran. Syria and South Africa. But Hurd said they agreed these should

implied negotiations and concessions. Hurd said ministers considered

France's Roland Dumas stresses that his country's troops were in the region for defensive purposes and to enforce the U.N. blockade and that only President Francois Mitterrand could decide whether they should go

den Brock said the Netherlands

were staying for now and there would be no coordinated withdrawal by EC diplomats still in Kuwait. Iraq has ordered besieged foreign embassies to close but Western governments

Manuchehr Mottaki. Hurd said that British diploma Among topics Mortaki discussed with Iraqi officials were the

the past weeks and Iraq has with drawn its troops from Iranian territory to free them for possible he discussed at a future meeting. redployment to the south.

#### will stay as long as necessary in the Gulf region and do not have a Petra, reported. deadline or timetable for laun-According to senior officials. "I think the notion that some-Iraq, Iran how the United States cannot stay the course just isn't a valid to discuss "If at some point the presidentdecides, or there is a provocation which (Iraq) wants to respond to, restoring to use military force, then we'll

relations BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq and Iran will next week discuss restoring diplomatic relations, accord-

ing to Baghdad Televion. The station said late Saturday an Iraqi Foreign Ministry delegation would leave for Tehran Tuesday and the reopening of embassies closed during the Gulf War would be discussed.

Baghdad made peace with Tehran in August soon after taking over Kuwait. Iraq and Iran fought an eightyear-long war in the Gulf, halted by a U.N.-brokered ceasefire in

August, 1988. Their ambassadors

were withdrawn just before the outbreak of fighting. Baghdad Television said the delegation would follow up wartime issues agreed last month during a visit to Baghdad by Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister

finalising of borders between the two countries and the completion of the repatriation of prisonersof-war (PoWs). Thousands of Pows hav been exchangd by Iraq and Iran during play a role.

ade on Iraq.

it has pledged.

# Fahd, Kaifu agree on need Iranian envoy said in Beirut MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF for political solution in Gulf to finalise hostage release

Japan could help produce a poli-

tical settlement to the Gulf crisis.

after the Gulf crisis is solved in

to play an effective role in the

building of this system, it will do

its utmost to resolve the Gulf

crisis," Kaifu stated in a state-

ment published in Saudi papers

Japan has announced a contribu-

tion of \$2 billion in support of the

multi-national military force in

Saudi Arabia and another \$2 bil-

lion to the countries worst

affected by the economic block-

consider expanding its assistance

to other affected countries. But

he noted this might be done later

when Japan increases the amount

have been the main recipients of

Tokyo's financial assistance so

sides stood firmly to their posi-

"We couldn't reach a deal re-

garding the release of the 200

Egypt, Jordan and Turkey

While in Jordan, Kaifu met

Takaneka said that Japan may

Apart from its diplomatic role,

before his arrival Saturday.

which his country was keen to

Kaifu has also referred in press

ЛDDAH (AP) — Japanese Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu Sunday ended a two-day visit, saying a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis remains a necessity, an

The spokesman, Shigeo Takaneka, disclosed that King Fahd urged Tokyo to spread its financial assistance to countries hit by the U.N.-imposed economic blockade of Iraq to include others like Syria and Bangladesh.

"The two sides have agreed that the Gulf crisis should be solved in a peaceful manner and they pledged to work towards the spokesman told reporters after the overnight meeting between Fahd and

He said Japan reiterated its support for the measures adopted by Saudi Arabia to defend itself and reaffirmed its position, calling for a complete and unconditional Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait, the restoration of the toppled royal family and the release of all foreigners detained by the Iraqis after the Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait.

Fahd expressed Saudi appreciation for Japan's support, the spokesman said.

The official Saudi Press Agency reported the meeting, but gave no details on the talks. Kaifu is on his first trip to the

Middle East and has also visited Egypt, Jordan and Turkev.

Diplomatic sources said that he was exchanging views on how

with Iraqi First Deputy Premier Taha Yasin Ramadan. His spokesman confirmed that the meeting failed because the two

### Japanese living in Iraq so we vince of Salalah on the Arabian called for the release of all fore-

igners including the Japanese,"

A similar number of Japanese statements to a new world order were stranded in Kuwait, he said. "In the light of this tour, the prime minister is sure that what he's been doing is right," the "Because Japan is determined spokesman added.

> The Gulf crisis and developing bilateral relations were also the focus of talks between Kaifu and Crown Prince Abdullah, Deputy Premier and Commander of Saudi Arabia's Paramilitary

Kaifu met separately before his departure Sunday with the Saudi oil, finance and industry minis-

The spokesman said the two countries were keen to further consolidate bilateral ties but denied that the question of Saudi oil supplies to Japan was discussed.

Japan, which draws the bulk of its oil needs from the Middle East, is Saudi Arabia's second major trading partner after the United States.

Japanese exports to the kingdom last year were more than \$2.7 billion against imports of about \$7 billion. Saudi Arabia's exports to

accurate reporting. But Al Diyar Japan consist mainly of crude oil is not known to have had any and petroleum products.

Kaifu left Saudi Arabia in the afternoon for Oman where he was to hold a late night meeting with Sultan Qaboos in the pro-

#### special insight into the hostage Al Diyar said that another unter, was kidnapped March 25,

finalise preparations for the re-

lease of Anglican Church envoy

Terry Waite "in the next few

days," the Al Diyar daily said

The conservative newspaper

said the unnamed official flew

into the city's international air-

port in the "past few hours...

The report, attributed to un-

identified reliable sources, said:

"Secret talks have been held in

the last two months and resulted

in agreement on the release op-

eration as well as the final

The envoy was assigned to "su-

pervise implementation of the re-

ease operation's final phase,"

Lebanon's leading newspaper

the independent Al Nahar daily,

said Saturday that Waite was

expected to be released next

"The release of a number of

foreign hostages held in Leba-non, topped by ... Terry Waite, is

possible next week," Al Nahar

It is widely respected for its

touches and details."

the daily reported.

carrying an Algerian passport."

Sunday.

ple to leave for several reasons,

officials said

Saudi Araiba has sharply increased security at the crossing ters are not allowed to circulate at

Those arriving said Iraqi troops at the border were using the same tactics as in September to determine who would cross — grab-40 and allowing others to cross.

The men were later brought to the border for processing.

opened fire on their car.

Lebanon for the U.N. Relief and

The Revolutionary Organisa-

tion of Socialist Muslims claimed

April 23, 1986, that it hanged Collett in retaliation for Britain's

support of U.S. air raids on Libya

The group released a videotape

purportedly showing Collett dangling from a scaffold. No

body has been produced, but British officials believe Collett is

Al Diyar said the agreement to

release Waite involved a \$10 mil-

lion "fee to the forces" who

1987, after leaving his hotel in

west Beirut for a rendezvous with

representatives of Islamic Jihad,

a pro-Iranian faction which holds

American hostages Terry Ander-

kidnapped Waite. But a former

hostage, Irishman Brian Keenan.

said after he was released by

captors in August that Waite was

held foreign hostage in Lebanon.
The chief Middle East correspon-

dent for the Associated Press, he

was kidnapped March 16, 1985.

are four Americans, two West

being sent back for drafting into

The seizure of young men at

One group of six young

the border had dried up the flow

Kuwaiti men said Sunday that

they escaped across the desert

because they feared they would

be seized on the road. They told

the AP that Iraqi soldiers had

of refugees in September.

Germans and an Italian.

the Iraqi military.

The other missing Westerners

Anderson, 42, is the longest

held with him for a while.

No group has claimed to have

son and Thomas Sutherland.

Waite, 51, disappeared Jan.20,

Works Agency.

earlier that month.

kindapped him.

The border opening was announced via the media in Kuwait, refugees said.

Iraqi troops have been allowing only about 30 cars an hour to leave in the morning and midafternoon only.

Issa Al Nasrallah, a health ministry employee who fled with his wife and four children, said that many people in Kuwait thought Iraq was preparing for combat there soon.

"I think the Iraqis might try to put tanks and artillery between the houses so the houses would fighting in Kuwait, said Nasral-

#### Iran puts MiG-29s into service

MICOSIA (R) — Iran said Sunday it had put advanced MiG-20 fighter-bombers, newly acquired from the Soviet Union, into service to defend its skies. Tehran Radio said senior military officials inspected the aircraft, ground support facilities and electronics classes for training technicians at an unspecified Iranian air base. Iranian Television first showed the planes two weeks ago. Iran concluded agreements on defence cooperation with the Soviet Union, the main armourer of Iraq during the 1980-88 Gulf war, during a visit to Moscow by President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani in June 1989. The Iranian air force is equipped with U.S.-made F-4, F-5 and F-14 combat planes bought by the late Shah before he was toppled by the 1979

#### Gulf crisis will affect British poli date

LONDON (R) — Ruling Conservative Party chairman Kenneth Baker said Sunday the Gulf crisis would influence the timing of Britain's next general election, due by mid-1992. "There are lots of factors affecting the date of the next election. One of the most important events is the Gulf crisis," Baker said on television. Asked when the conservatives might call an election, he added: There is considerable uncertainty. What I have said ever since I became chairman is that one should never exclude the possibility of 1992." Was 1991 therefore excluded? "Of course not," he

#### U.S. issues new travel warnings

WASHINGTON (AP) - The State Department advised U.S citizens Saturday to avoid travelling to the Israeli-occupied territories because of "recurrent disturbances and incresed tensions" in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. The department also warned travellers to the Middle East, South Asia and North Africa of possible anti-American demonstrations arising from Irag's invasion of Kuwait, "Travellers and residents throughout the region should exercise caution and contact the nearest U.S. embassy or consulate to register their presence and receive information on the local situation," the warning said. The pair of warnings marked the second time in a week - and the third time since Iraq invaded Kuwait Aug. 2 - that the State Department has warned Americans against travelling in regions because of Gulf tensions. The separate travel warning on the occupied territories said Middle East events "have sparked anti-American sentiments and threats in the territories." The department said there have been "disturbances" in Arab Jerusalem and warned Americans planning to travel there to check with the American consulate for an update on conditions. Security has been tightened in the occupied territories and the State Department warned that tourists may be subject to strict and lengthy searches. The department also noted Israel is distributing gas masks to citizens starting Oct. 14. "Americans should take this into account in planning to visit Israel," the travel warning said.

#### Mubarak orders 1,900 prisoners freed

CAIRO (R) - Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak ordered the release Sunday of about 1,900 prisoners from Egyptian jails, security sources said. The sources said the prisoners, pardoned by Mubarak to mark anniversary of the 1973 war, were all freed from various prisons Sunday. The inmates, including 28 women, were mostly convicted of forgery, bribery and murder, and had completed at least half their prison sentences, they added. The amnesty did not include people imprisoned for armed robbery, fraud, sexual assault or drug abuse.

### Bomb kills Turkish woman politician

ISTANBUL (R) - A woman politician from Turkey's main opposition party has been killed by a parcel bomb sent by Islamic fundamentalist extremists angry at her opposition to womenwearing veils, police said. Bahriye Ucok, 64, of the Social Democrat Populist Party (SHP), died in hospital late Saturday shortly after the bomb exploded in her hands at her Ankara home. Police said an outlawed extremist fundamentalist group called Islamic Movement claimed responsibility for the killing it calls to Turkish newspapers.

### Somalia to adopt liberal constitution

MOGADISHU (R) — Somalia will adopt a more liberal constitution and introduce laws on electoral reform, the government announced Sunday. An official statement said a nationwide referendum to approve the new constitution and multi-party elections would be held within 12 months "if conditions in the country will permit." The move marked a policy shift for President Mohammad Siad Barre, who seized power in a conp in 1969. Somalia armounced in July that multi-party elections would be held on Feb. 1, 1991, but political opponents said they were sceptical the president was prepared to relinquish power.

### Syria to open embassy in Bahrain

BAHRAIN (R) — Syria will open an embassy in Bahrain soon in a sign of closer diplomatic relations betwen the two Arab countries. Bahrain's daily Al Ayam said Sunday. The usually reliable newspaper gave no source for its brief report. Syria and Bahrain have full diplomatic links but at present the Syrian embassy in Qatar covers Bahrain.

### Kuwaiti 'refugees' live in guarded luxury

By Mort Rosenblum

TAIF (AP) — The toppled government of Kuwait, shielded by Saudi guards and served by an army of room service waiters, meets regularly on the affairs of a state Iraq says no longer exists. Its cabinet room is a plushly

appointed suite in the Al Hada Sheraton, a mountaintop resort which is out of business as a hotel for an unknown period. Its records and reports, all of

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the apparatus of displaced rulers struggling to regain their emirate while keeping it together from a distance, are stuffed in dressers, backrooms and broom closets. In stark contrast to foreign

refugees from Kuwait stranded in the Jordanian desert, Kuwaiti officials pad about in cooled air on thick carpets, soothed by plaintive Arabic melodies from muzak speakers.

On a recent afternoon, a samsonite case full of gold Swiss watches for idle customers. It was clear that time hung heavily on

Men in snowy white Arab headgear and shirt-gowns float the first floor, obvious from the wraith-like about the quiet corridors. In between flurries of activity, they sip greenish coffee, dine elaborately or nap at length.

About 300 Kuwaitis and family members live in bunglows on the grounds. Unruly children scamper about colourful gardens inside high fences. Offices and staff rooms are in the seven-storev main building.

Hotel shops are closed except for the Bangladeshi scent man in the lobby. In flasks out of "1001 Nights." he sells 500 aromas. along with flagrant resins, exotic wood chips and Paris perfumes. "Try this," he said, slashing a

browser's hand with pungent oil. "It's called 'queen of the night'." Not even Saudi police cars get past the barrier at the front gate without a coded pass and a rigor-

JORDAN TELEVISION

ous check. Authorised visitors surrender their passports for a green badge which, in turn, is traded for a pink badge.

A thorough but good-natured security chief named Mohammad jokes with foreigners who hand over their papers that they will be allowed to leave whenever they

Once inside, visitors are showered in courtly hospitality and prodded for news. In a recent interview. Sheikh

Saad Ai Abdullah Al Salim Al Sabah, the toppled crown prince and prime minister, punctuated a reporter's queries with questions Seven neat stacks of regional

newspapers lay at anyone's disposal in the lobby. But most information filters in slowly from the dwindling number of Kuwaiti refugees who make it out of their COUNTRY

"He just found out three days ago that his brother was carried Lebanese merchant lugged in a off to Baghdad to work as a technician for the Iraqi air force, one Kuwaiti said, pointing to a colleague. "I don't think he wants to talk about it."

The information ministry is on stacks of poster-sized photos in the hallway.

One is the celebrated scene of Saddam Hussein patting a British boy Next to it, a poster shows Adolf Hitler caressing a pleased German youth of similar age.

Nearby, several dozen different photos of atrocities and damage to Kuwait are piled high on a counter. But there are few takers. After a month in the botel,

spirits are still high, assured Hamad Jabal Al Sabah, a ministry official and son of the minister. "Maybe we'll be back in Kuwait by the end of the month." But some others seemed dubious. More than one Kuwaiti has noted the irony in the hotel house ad displayed in each of the elevators: "You'll love the life at the

les of God Church, Tel.

# **Efforts** under way to resume

KHARTOUM (AP) - Contacts Sudanese government for resumption of relief flights to rebela decision to lift the ban on such

and representative of the U.N. secretary-general, told the he was "immensely satisfied" government to lift the ban.

tremely good news" but said that "we are still in contact with the authorities for the resumption of

million people, Page said:

Page said he would not call it famine but "serious food shor-

He said the situation was now serious but sourghum production in eastern Sudan was "encouraging" and that the government's decision to replace cash crop with sourghum shows its seriousness in trying to contain the situation in the rain-fed areas in western and

some parts of central Sudan. He expressed satisfaction with "the extremely responsible" measures taken by the Sudanese governemnt to deal with the difficult

# Sudan relief flights

Trover Page, director of the World Food Programme (WFP) Associated Press meanwhile that with a decision by the Sudanese

"Much of the Sudan is affected... it is much more than that... much of Sudan faces food scarcity at the time."

situation it faces.

the country. Friday's border opening came

are still under way with the held areas in south Sudan despite flights, a U.N. relief official said

Saturday.

Asked to comment on the figures released by the United Nations in New York that famine threatens up to one-fifth of Sudan's 25

### Hundreds of Kuwaitis at border

west Beirut May 12, 1989.

BEIRUT (AP) — An Iranian identified "Iranian personality" may have visited London recently

because "understanding has been

reached on concluding a number

of economic and other agree-

Britain and Iran restored di-

plomatic relations Sept. 27 after a

19-month break triggered by the

publication of Indian-born British

author Salman Rushdie's novel,

"The Satanic Verses" which

many Muslims say blasphemes

Al Diyar said that under the

agreement for Waite's release.

the British government was ex-

pected to "express its good inten-

tions by showing Salman Rushdie

on television clearly apologising for what his ... novel included

and stressing that he did not mean to hurt Muslims' feelings."

be "the preface to releasing all

British hostages in Lebanon," the

Waite's release was expected to

The other missing Britons are

journalist John McCarthy, World

War II Flying ace Jack Mann and

McCarthy, 33, was kidnapped

April 17, 1986, as he drove to

Beirut airport to catch a flight to

Mann, 76, was kidnapped in

Collett, a New York-based wri-

writer Alec Collett.

London.

ments" with Tehran.

KHAFJI, Saudi Arabia (AP) — Several hundred Kuwaiti refugees arrived at this border crossing Sunday, part of a growing exodus as Iraq again relaxed its restrictions on Kuwaitis leaving

after more intensified night-time searches in Kuwait City, according to refugees, prompting many of them to leave out of fear. Iraqi troops were confiscating all identification papers in

Kuwait, the refugees reported. That raised Saudi fears that the Iraqis were planning to attempt to infiltrate "agents" into the kingdom, where a U.S.-led multinational force of more than 200,000 has gathered to confront

The new refugee influx is the largest since mid-September, when 7,000 Kuwaitis poured through in a three-day frenzy. Iraq's motive in opening the border point was unclear.

"Nobody really seems to know why," one Western diplomat monitoring the flow told the Associated Press on condition of anonymity

But those crossing said they suspected Iraq has allowing peo-

TUNIS (R) - A senior Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO)

commander predicted Sunday

that Arab troops in the U.S.-

dominated multinational force in

Saudi Arabia would switch sides

Jihad, a member of the lead-

ership of the Fateh group, told

Egyptian, Syrian and Moroccans

will stand alongside the Iraqi

army if Iraq is attacked by the

Americans because the Arab and

the Muslim will stand by his

General Jihad, also a member

of the high command of the Fateh

rian, Egyptian and Moroccan

forces were "cannon fodder" to

movement's Asifa forces, said Sy-

"We are confident that the

Reuters in an interview:

Muslim Arab brother."

Major General Mohammad

f U.S. forces attacked Iraq.

including its programme of turning the city into an armed camp, isolating the resistance movement and resettling Iraqis in Kuwait. About 1,000 people have arrived here since Friday, most lacking any identification, border

Up to 700 people, most of them women and children, are camped inside the border crossing awaiting confirmation of their identities by Saudi officials and the Saudi-based toppled Kuwaiti gov-

emment. here. Arriving cars pass through a gauntlet of staggered metresquare cement blocks and reporthe crossing.

There are an estimated 300,000 Kuwaiti refugees in the Saudi kingdom and neighbouring Gulf states out of a pre-invasion native population of 570,000.

Refugees claim young men are lah, 41.

"They are there so that it

would be as if the fighting was

between Arabs and Arabs or

"We beseech these forces to

Arab troops have been de-

ployed in a 80-kilometre strip

along the Saudi-Kuwaiti border.

The U.S. troops which dominate

the multinational force are dug in

means to inflict heavy losses on

IIS troops in a war and could bit

Israel with medium-range mis-

Western military specialists say

U.S. forces in the Gulf would

make a preemptive strike against

siles and its air force.

The general said Iraq had the

behind them.

stand by the Iraqi army in the

event of aggression," he said.

Muslims and Muslims,"

PLO: Arabs would not fight Iraqis

them. Few Iraqi planes could

leave Iraqi air space with impun-

ity, they say. But Jihad said: "I reckon Iraq would not be a target as the Egyptian air force was in 1967. Iraq has the means to avoid this strike." In the Middle East war of June 1967, Israel destroyed Egypt's warplanes on the ground in the first hours of fighting.

"The United States can start the war but it cannot stop it because the Arab people will support Iraq and strike at American interests," the general said.

Jihad accused Israel and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak of inciting Washington to go to war in the belief that they would benefit. "This is against the interests of the peoples of the United States and Europe," he

#### Iraq's missiles if the Iraqis were take the first blow if Iraq respotted loading and fuelling added. sponded to an American attack. **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR**

Tel: 773111-19	632785.
	St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.
PROGRAMME ONE	Church of the Annunciation Tel.
15:30 Когал	637440.
15:46 Programme review	De la Salle Charch Tel. 661757
15:45 Children programmes	Terramenta Church Tel: 622366
18:90 News summary	Church of the Annuciation Tel.
18:10 Local programme	623541.
19:50 Programme review	
1729 Programme review	Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel.
20:90 News in Arabic	628543.
28:30 Arabic series	Armenian Catholic Church Tel.
21:40 Programme review	771331.
21:40 Local programmes	Armenian Orthodox Church Tel.
23:99 News summary in Arabic	775261.
PROGRAMME TWO	Syrian Orthodox Church Tel. 771751.
	Ammen International Church Tel.
18:99 Documentary	685326.
19:00 News in French	Evangelical Letheran Church Tel:
19:15 Weekly Sport magazine	811295.
19:30 News in Hebrew	The Church of Jeans Christ of Latter-
19:45 Varieties	Day Saints Tel. 815817, 654932.
21:10 Sharon's Deal	Day Seems 161. 913911, 034432.
22:00 News in English	
	WEATHER
22:29 Feature film	

Tel. 810740

PRAYER TIMES 11:23 14:43 17:17

CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifich

Tcl. Tel. Tel\_ letin supplied by the Department of It will be fair and winds will be northwesterly fresh, causing dust in northwesterly fresh, causing dust in desert areas. In Aquba, it will be dusty winds will be northerly fresh and Min/max, tem

**USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** . 396294 . 649028 Dr. Mohammad Khalil Dr. Hisham Abs Argoub ..... . 893122 Fires pharmacy 661912 Al Asema obarma 637055 Nairoukh pharmacy . Al Salam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy 636730 . 637660

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 29, Aqaba 34. Humidity readings:

Amman 38 per cent. Aqaba 31 per

. 985238

630341 Fire Brigade... Blood Bank ... 775121 630321 605800 Public Security Department Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints Complaints
Telephone Information 787111 (directory assistance) Central Ammen Telephone Abdali Telephone Repairs ... 774111 lordan Electricity Authority Electric Power 636381 RJ Flight Information ...... 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 06-53200

EMERGENCIES

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity ...... 642362 Malhas, J. Amman, Palestine, Shmeisani 636140 . 669131 University Hospital .... Al-Muasher Hospital ... The Islamic, Abdali .... 667227/9 666127/37 664164/6 Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajrecu . Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich .... 777101/3 ... 775111/26 . 891611/15 Queen Alia Hospital ····· 602240/50 .. 674155 Zarga Govt, Hospital Zarqa National Hospital .. (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hosnital

(02)275555

(02)272275

Princess Basma Hospital . Greek Catholic Hospital Ibu Al Nafocs Hospital ....

Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

> This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia Interna Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) .. Riyadh (RI) Dhahran (RI) .. Cairo (R.I) Lamaca (RJ) . Cairo (RJ) a. Tunis (RJ) 19:15 19:30 19:30 . Aqaba (RJ) Bangkok (RJ) Istanbel (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) .. Sana's (LH) acharest (RO) .... Cairo (MS) 12:00 13:20

.... Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF

...... Paris (AF) ... Istanbui (TK)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

12-30

The section of the control of the section of the se

Cairo (RJ)

New York, Montreal (RJ)

Frankfurt (RJ) 12:30 13:15 16:30 Aqaba (RJ)
Bahraia, Doba (RJ) 21:20 ... Cairo (RI) Jeddah (RI) 21:30 Dubai, Muscat (R.I) ... Abu Dhabi (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) 11:10 13:00 14:05 Bucharest (RO)

350 / 300 120 / 80 250 L200 180 / 120 240 / 200 100 / 50 170 / 120 400 / 300 320 / 290 -250 / 200 120 / -80-120 / -80-220 / 160 240 / 200 Marrow (large) Marrow (small) Onion (dry) .. Orange ... 550 / 500 600 / 500 600 / 500 240 / 200 Pepper (sweet) 120 / 80 350 / 300 150 / 100 550 / 500 240 / 200 100 / 50 160 / 100

MARKET PRICES

500 / 450

### Princess Ne Basma visits charity society

red the the ZARQA (J.T.) — Her Royal stence the Highness Princess Basma Sunday of Itan the Highness Princess Basma Charitable by prese Cultural Society in Zarqa and Irania Cultural in a special celebration marking the "Arab Child Week." an annual function observed in Jordan in October each year.

The Princess first opened a charity bazaar in which several local societies took part, displaying handicrafts like embroideries, dresses, paintings and artificial flowers as well as popular sweets and other items. The proceeds of the bazaar will

benefit the children of Iraq.

The Princess later watched a puppet show, which was orga-nised by the society to focus attention on child care, and attended a meeting in the society hall where the local director of the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS), Jazi Al Maiali. addressed the audience underlining the need for further efforts to be directed for the care of children.

He said that GUVS had been focusing attention towards providing child care in cooperation with various charitable and voluntary organisations in Jor-

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Majali voiced appreciation to the Royal Family members for their keen concern over children's conditions in Jordan and stressed the need for the public to express solidarity with the children of Iraq under the present difficult circumstances.

The society children presented a performance of national dances

The society president presented the Princess with a token gift on the occasion.

### Seminar stresses need to local products, spend less

AMMAN (Petra) - Questicus related to raw materials used in the manufacturing process were discussed at a meeting held at the Ministry of Supply attended by minister Ibrahim Ayoub and president and members of the Amman Chamber of Industry.

The minister and the chamber members emphasised the need for Jordanians to purchase local rather than imported products and to spend less.

The minister told the meeting that the government was willing to give support to local industries to enable them to develop and meet the needs of the local mar-

In the meantime President of the Jordanian Shipping Lines agents in Jordan Tawfiq Kawar announced Sunday that Jordan's efforts had succeeded in reducing the war insurance rates imposed on vessels carrying goods to Aqaba to 0.015, down from 0.025 as of Oct. 6, 1990.

He said that the agreement had been reached during contacts with shipping companies abroad, especially with those in Copenhagen and London.

Kawar said that the agents would pursue efforts to reduce the insurance further through

# UNICEF contributes

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan Sunday took delivery of 5,400 woolen blankets sent as a gift by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) to be distributed to

The blankers came on board a chartered flight that landed at Amman Airport, raising to 73,250 the total number of UN-ICEF blankets received by the Kingdom just in time before the

Along with these blankets, the Higher Committee for the Relief to Repatriates will also take delivery of one thousand canopeners and almost 38,000 plastic . garbage bags.



PRINCE HASSAN RECEIVES PAKISTANI COMMANDER: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Sunday received at the Royal Court visiting Pakistani Chief of Staff Iftikhar Sirohi and an accompanying delegation. The meeting was attended by the Pakistani ambassador to Jordan and the Pakistani military attache in Amman. Earlier Sunday, Gen. Sirohi and the accompanying delegation visited the armed forces

headquarter, where they were briefed on the development of the Jordanian Armed Forces. The briefing was attended by Armed Forces Chief of Staff Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb. The Pakistani chief of staff also visited the martyr's monument and the Royal Jordanian Airforce headquarters, where he was received by the Royal Jordanian Airforce commander. Gen. Sirohi and the accompanying delegation then visited the 12th Royal Mechanised

### World leaders try to steal Saddam's appeal on Palestinians

By Alistair Lyon Reuters

AMMAN — World leaders determined to reverse Iraq's seizure of Kuwait are trying to steal Saddam Hussein's thunder by linking the Gulf crisis, however obliquely, with the plight of the Palestinians.

Foreign ministries are telling their governments it's time to look into the Palestine question and see what our past neglect of it has led to - a brutal dictator becoming a hero to the Arab masses," one Western diplomat said.

In a flurry of well-publicised statements in the last few weeks, French, Soviet, British and American leaders have spoken of the need to solve the Arab-Israeli conflict and other regional problems once the Gulf crisis is settled.

They reject the Iraqi leader's attempt to tie the fate of Kuwait directly with that of the Palestinians and Lebanese, but have clearly noticed the appeal of such a linkage to many Arabs.

"In a situation where Saddam is trying to exploit the Palestinian card it is important that countries with strong, clear policies on the Arabconflict should remind the world what they are," a Western diplomat said.

For Jordan and the PLO, whose two leaders met in Amman on Sunday, any prospect that the Gulf crisis could open the way to a general Middle East settlement is welcome.

They are caught between the

pro-Iraqi emotions of their

people and awareness that the central Arab cause rests on the principle, sanctified by the United Nations and trampled on by Saddam, that it is inadmissi-

ble to acquire territory by

"It is encouraging that after weeks of war talk, everyone is looking for a peaceful solution," said a source close to the Amman government. "There is nothing substantive yet, no initiative that everyone accepts, but the climate is changing.'

Iraq has declared repeatedly that it will never relinquish Knwait, which it has proclaimed its 19th province.

But Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan said here Friday that if the United Nations forced Israel to quit occupied territories "we would accept the same condi-The Jordanian source said

Ramadan's assurances that I:aq accepted international legitimacy had set a new tone. Ramadan said the four-stage peace plan set out by President Francois Mitterrand last month

could be built on.

The other stages call for international guarantees for the withdrawal of foreign military forces and for the restoration of Kuwaiti sovereignty. Arab and international efforts to resolve other Middle Eastern problems, and region-wide

arms cutbacks. A Palestinian political scienrist, As'ad Abdul Rahman, believes Iraq's position is more flexible than it appears.

idea of making concessions in

"But the Iraqis reject the

advance of any dialogue. They want everything to be discussed at the negotiating table,"

he said. The United States and its Western allies are concerned that talk of a negotiated solution might encourage Saddam to believe that he can avoid complying with U.N. Security Council demands to quit Kuwait and free all foreigners unconditionally.

"We feel the best way to change Saddam's mind is to make him realise the world is lined up against him," a West-ern diplomat said. "We don't like anything that undermines the impression that the world means business."

"But there are seeds in the Mitterrand proposal which might provide a carrot for an Iraqi withdrawal in a way which does not provide an obvious reward for the aggressor," he said.

Iraq's foes may believe the Gulf crisis has opened new prospects for Middle East peacemaking in a post-cold war world, but they do not want Saddam to get the credit for any breakthrough.

Any face-saving formula which allowed the Iraqi leader to leave Kuwait with his army in the Arab World intact would pose a dilemma for the powers arrayed against

"There would be an argument between the hawks out to destroy him and his military machine and those who would say 'We've done what we set out for, so let's go home' " a diplomat said.

## Conservation measures hailed by economists but criticised by some

AMMAN (J.T.) - A series of up to \$500,000 monthly in addienergy conservation measures announced by the government Saturday evening were hailed by economists, heads of organisations and scientists as a step in the right direction and coming in time to help Jordan deal with the economic problems it is now facing as a result of the Gulf crisis.

Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) Director General Mohammad Saced Arafeh said in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the government's decision to allow government offices to work five days a week only was bound to save the country some 3,550 tonnes of fuel needed to produce electricity.

This, he said, accounts for nearly 1.5 per cent of the total fuel consumption in the Kingdom and six per cent of the total electricity consumption.

The Cabinet decided that government departments should have a two-day weekend to cut down on energy and fuel used in the buildings and transport. It also decided that commercial businesses should close at 7 p.m. and street lighting must be

switched off at 5 a.m. "These measures would save tion to fuel used for transporting employees to and from work, Arafeh said.

He said that JEA would, in the coming days, intensify a public awarenes campaign on rationing fuel and energy consumption in cooperation with the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources.

Ministry of Industry and Trade's Secretary-General Ibrahim Badran said that the measures were intended to reduce the country's consumption of electricity, gasoline and diesel oil, a procedure followed by many industrialised nations.

"The new measures are flexible and the government will study their results and the citizens reaction and applications; should they prove to be effective they will be adopted permanently or otherwise they will be modified," Badran said.

"Indeed these measures should mark the beginning of other series of measures which will not only help Jordan reduce spending and conserve energy but bring about a change in citizens behavioural patterns, directing society towards more production and less spending," Badran added.

A noted Jordanian economist said that the Kingdom currently consumes 22 million barrels of crude oil annually, worth some \$700 million, absorbing all Jor-

phosphate, potash and fertiliser. The new measures are therefore beneficial since Jordan is going through very difficult circumstances," said Jawad Al Ana-

dan's income from the sale of its

ni in an interview with Petra. In his view, government employees will benefit from the extra day off which will enable them to take care of their homes or, if they live outside the capital, to farm a piece of land to produce food.

Royal Scientific Society (RSS) President Hani Al Mulqi said that by closing their businesses early the evening merchants and store keepers would be saving electric power used in lighting and airconditioning. Besides, he said, the fewer cars on the streets in the evening, the less congestion and the less fuel consump-

Another economist, Fahd Al Fanek, said that the measures were found necessary in view of the present difficult circumstances. He said it would be diffi-

cult to imagine gasoline rates remaining the same if the present crisis continued.

Fanek said that Jordan has 300,000 cars consuming nearly \$1 million worth of fuel every day. "By raising the fuel prices, the government would be forcing the public to reduce the use of cars and spend less fuel," said Fanck.

Grocers and merchants though voiced dissatisfaction with the government's decision and some said that the early closure would not only reduce income, adversely affecting the income tax collection, but would also deprive many citizens of buying their needs in the evening.

Ahmad Ghneim, member of the Amman Chamber of Commerce, said he believed that the present stage required from the Jordanian industry and the private sector to double their efforts and increase their work not reduce it. He said that less production is a waste of energy and an additional cost for the consumers. Ghneim said that Jordan, at this stage, requires more produc-

tion so that it can increase exports and earn more income.

### Egyptian official thanks Jordan for evacuee aid

AMMAN (Petra) — The Egyptian Ministry of Transport's First Under-Secretary Maj.-Gen. Hani Husni, currently on a visit to Jordan, expressed gratitude to the Jordanian government for its efforts to repatriate more than 325,000 Egyptians who had arrived here from Kuwait and Iraq.

In an apparent reference to claims by some Egyptian newspapers that Egyptian evacuees were suffering in Jordan, Husni said the newspapers do not necessarily express the opinion or the position of the Egyptian government on this subject.

He noted that the services Jordan had rendered to the Egyptian evacuees reflected Jordan's genuine brotherly feelings. Asked if Egyptians might go

back to Kuwait and Iraq, he said it was up to them to decide. "however, we do not know if any of them will return."

Hammad, chairman of the Evathat Jordan had done its best to

alleviate the suffering of the eva-

cuces. He noted that Jordan has more than 200,000 Egyptians working in various sectors, and that they are receiving equal treatment with Jordanians.

He added that Egyptians do not need a visa to enter Jordan, neither do they need residence permits in Jordan.

#### Movement of evacuees

A total of 9,738 persons entered Jordan Saturday including 5,695 Arab nationals and 4,22 foreigners. Public Security Department sources said 14,664 people had left Jordan, including 4,874 Arab nationals and 7,592 foreigners.

A Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) source said that 8,924 evacuees had left Saturday by air. aboard 35 unscheduled flights.

Despite this movement of eva Secretary-General Salameh cuees, a total of 27,193 people are still living in Azraq camps, cuees Welfare Committee, said according to the Jordanian National Red Crescent Society.

# Two-day weekend does not apply to

Cabinet for government depart-ments and other public organisations, is not applicable to municipal or village councils, according to Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Abdul Karim Al Dughmi.

The minister told the Jordan

The Cabinet announced a series of energy conservation measures Saturday night, including the two-day weekend for all government offices, and said that the sytem would go into effect as of

statement, office hours will start at 7:45 a.m. and end at 3:15 p.m. Some departments whose nature of duty is not fixed and whose office workers normally carry out work in shifts, like radio and television, government hospitals, post office, Public Security, make an exception from this program-

However complaints were aired through calls in a radio programme Sunday, with people impact in terms of energy saving.

new arrangement which would prevent them from picking up their children from school.

One government official said: "In the old system I used to pick up my children at school normally at around 2 p.m., shortly after the government office close at 2 p.m., but now they will either have to wait until 3:15 or beyond or some other arrangement will have to be made for them."

Other government employees complained in the radio programme that under the new system office hours would increase by one and a half hours weekly.

Apart from government offices. the Cabinet's statement said that all commercial establishments should close at 7 p.m., but pharmacies, bakeries, clinics and gas stations were exemnt from new regulations.

Restaurants, cafes, clubs and wedding halls and other entertainment establishments as well as cinemas should close by 11 p.m., the statement said. It said that street lighting will be switched off at 5 a.m.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran called in a separate statement later on all citizens to cooperate with the government in saving

The Cabinet's statement said the adherence to the measures which, it said, were warranted by the emergency situation in the Kingdom will be strictly observed and monitored to assess their

### Jordan to seek new markets for produce

WHAT'S GOING ON

**EXHIBITIONS** 

☆ Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zaru displaying

☆ Archaeological exhibition entitled "Al Lajjun --- a Roman

☆ Plastic art exhibition by Jordanian artists Maha and Ahmad Al

Plastic art exhibition by four Palestinian artists depicting the

suffering of the Palestinian people under Israeli occupation at the Jordan National Gallery for Fine Arts.

★ Exhibition entitled "Science in Profile" at the British Council.

Syoul at the Royal Cultural Centre.

paintings, sculptures and hand-painted fabrics. Location: off 2nd Circle, opposite Rosenthal (9:30-1:30 and 3:30-6:30).

Frontier Fort" at the Department of Antiquities' Registration and Research Centre, Jabai Amman.

AL ARIDAH (Petra) — The farmers and finds solutions for Ministry of Agriculture is now them through cooperation with turning its attention towards intensifying farming in the Jordan (JVA), said Khalaf. Valley region and will double efforts to produce cereals for Minister of Agriculture Suleiman

Arbiyat.

"The Ministry of Agriculture is also trying to find alternative markets for local produce following the ban on Jordan's crops in Saudi Arabia and the difficulties in transporting crops to Gulf states," the minister said at a semmar held here to discuss agricultural problems in the Jordan

Arabiyat told the meeting, which also attended by Minister of Water and Irrigation Daoud Kahlaf, that the recent Saudi measures had caused a 25 per cent reduction in Jordan's sales of

crops in the past two months. Khalaf, said that his ministry was maintaining close coordination with Jordan Valley farmers in the process of water distribution. The ministry continually studies complaints raised by local

the Jordan Valley Authority

But he said that JVA could not announce a reduction in the local consumption, according to prices of water because water is already subsidised at the rate of nine fils for a cubic metre. Khalaf said that the Ministry of

Water and Irrigation was turning

its attention to the treatment of

wastewater flowing into King Tal-

al Dam, and also towards enlarging the Kafrein dam to increase its storage capacity. A working paper submitted by the local farmers was discussed at the seminar. It dealt with problems obstructing the marketing of local crops during the present season in the Gulf region and the

search for new markets abroad. The paper also touched on processing fruit and vegetables worth JD 23 million and a loan to farmers.

The local farmers demanded that premiums and interests on these loans be rescheduled and that farmers be offered additional facilities.

### to discuss peace and dangers of war

AMMAN (Petra) - President of the Jordanian National Red Crescent Society (JNRCS) Ahmad Abu Qoura Sunday opened a three-day workshop on the international humanitarian appeal for peace organised by the JNRCS in cooperation with the Iraqi Red Crescent Society.

Abu Qoura stressed the importance of humanitarian work, saying that it was conducive to peace. He called for mobilising the humanitarian organisations in an effort to contribute to achiev-

Participants discussed a working paper on "the international Gulf region.

Crescent Societies to protect victims of war.

peaceful initiatives. Taking part in the workshop are Jordanian and Iraqi experts

# Workshop Arab Parliamentary Union (APU).

Addressing the workshop, Abu Qoura outlined the dangers of war and the ensuing financial and

humanitarian alliance for peace" which aims at achieving peace worldwide, with focus on the The formation of the alliance comes in line with the world

campaign launched by the

League of the Red Cross and Red

The alliance aims at ensuring the establishment of peace and stability in the Gulf region through mobilising public opinion against any military confrontation, at alleviating the suffering of people, and at encouraging

on international humanitarian

### HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Iraqi parliamentarians to arrive

#### AMMAN (Petra) - An Iraqi parliamentary delegation arrives here Monday (today) on a three-day visit to Jordan for talks with Jordanian parliamentarians on a proposal by the Palestine National Council (PNC) to hold an extraordinary session for the

### **GUVS** reelects president

AMMAN (J.T.) - The General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) Sunday reelected Abdullah Khatib as president of the union's Executive Board for a two-year term and reelected Fakhri Bilbeisi as vice-president. Father Mousa Qarmash was elected treasurer and Sami Khasawnah secretary. The union's general assembly also reelected the following members to serve on the Executive Board; Asem Ghoseh, Anwar Al Hadid, Mohammad Obeidat, Jazi Al Majali, Mohammad Amin Al Kilani, Narat Bitar, Muhsen Habashneh, Hashem Sanasfeh and Hussein Uthman. The board will serve a two-year term, starting Oct. 7.

### University president honours People's Army

AMMAN (Petra) - President of the University of Jordan Mahmoud Ai Samra Sunday expressed appreciation of and pride in efforts exerted by officials who supervised the training process of university students in the People's Army. In a ceremony held to honour the commander and training supervisors of the People's Army Samra and the commander exchanged token gifts. Samra then distributed gifts to the supervisors. The ceremony was attended by the dean of the Student Affairs department and

### Jordan TV starts series on women

several of the People's Army senior officers.

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan Television Wednesday broadcasted the first episode of a thirteen-episode series on preparing women to play an active role in their communities produced by Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare Fund in cooperation with the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). The programme aimes at educating mothers on the role they can play in building integrated and cooperative families, and in enhancing inter-family relations.

### JD 1,787,544 collected in revenues

AMMAN (Petra) — The Land and Survey Department collected in September JD 1,787,544 in revenues, compared to JD. 2,567,793 during the same month in 1989.

### 1,858 people, 380 cars ferried to Nuweibeh

AQABA (Petra) - Three ships docked at Aqaba Port Sunday, while four other left for different destinations. Three liners also left the port for Nuweibeh carrying 1,858 passengers and 380 cars. Two of the arriving ships were carrying containers while the third, a Maltese ship, was carrying cars destined to Sudan.

### municipal councils expressing dissatisfaction with the AMMAN (J.T.) — A two-day weekend, as decided by the

News Agency, Petra, that the municipal and village councils were to be considered as private organisations, enjoying independent status financially and administratively, and therefore they are not subject to the new government system as announced Saturday night following a regular Cabinet session.

He said that these councils were bound to offer services to the public daily and around the

Saturday Oct. 13, 1990. According to the government

### Jordan, Romania sign trade agreement

phate Mines Company (JPMC) Sunday signed an agreement for the sale of 200,000 tonnes of Jordanian phosphate to the Romanian "Chimica" company from now and until the end of

JPMC Director-General Wasef Azar said in a statement following the signing of the deal that the agreement was part of the comnany's activities to promote sales of Jordanian phosphate in Eastern European countries.

The Romanian company direc-

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan Phos- tor who signed the agreement expressed satisfaction with the deal and the existing trade ties between Jordan and Romania. voicing hope that cooperation will continue and increase in the

> Mihail Pandele emphasised the need for boosting Romanian-Jordanian trade ties and said that his company had dispatched a team to visit the port city of Agaba where its members met with the port director, Awad Al Tal and inspected the phosphate export processes there.

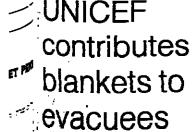
ANNOUNCING

EXHIBITION of fine handicrafts Bani

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AT THE ABU JABER ESTATE (adjacent to KAN ZAMAN) 12-19 October 1990 10 a.m. - 9 p.m.

Save the Children Project Funded by USAID In cooperation with Noor Al Hussein Foundation



trom, Iraq and Knwait.

cold winter season.

### Jordan Times

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# More on Iraq's mind than just withdrawal

THERE IS a chorus of countries still calling on Iraq to withdraw unconditionally from Kuwait. Such a demand is tantamount to asking Iraq to commit suicide, both militarily and politically. With hundreds of thousands of U.S.-led troops encircling Iraq, there is no way that Iraq could even think of withdrawing without prior agreement on the simultaneous withdrawal of such armies. Uppermost on the minds of Iraqi military strategists would be the fate of Iraq and its defence should its troops as demanded unconditionally withdraw from Kuwaiti territory. Given the declared and undeclared political and military objectives of Washington and its allies in the Gulf crisis which might easily include the overthrow of Saddam Hussein's regime and the destruction of Iraq's military power, there is no way that Baghdad would accept to put its neck on the line and endanger its very existence without putting up a fight. Under the circumstances, the only sensible thing to do is to negotiate a comprehensive agreement under the auspices of the U.N. Security Council to address mutual security considerations as well as other issues that precipitated the Gulf conflict in he first place.

For this purpose, it would be pertinent to think in terms of a regional conference in which the permanent members of the Security Council would participate in order to conclude a comprehensive accord encompassing all the relevant issues to the crisis. The Iraqi-Kuwaiti territorial dispute, including issues like oil and water rights, would also be on the negotiating table so as to eliminate the deep causes of the conflict at the source level.

Instead of the proliferating rhetoric from both sides of the Gulf equation, all the parties to the conflict must busy themselves with the preparatory work necessary for convening such a conference as a matter of highest priority. If necessary a follow-up Security Council resolution could be adopted for this purpose calling for the convening of such a regional conference. Otherwise, the seeds of the conflict in the Gulf would continue to grow until another moment presents itself for yet another action-reaction scenario in which the world may not be as capable as it is today to avoid

Once such a regional conference concludes its deliberations and arrives at a balanced and just comprehensive accord between all the immediate parties, a phased implementation scheme of such an agreement would be put into effect under the supervision and guarantees of the United Nations. This is one reasonable way, we think, to deal with the Gulf conflict and a viable option to realise an Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait.

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### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

American Secretary of State James Baker has called on Iraq to join what he termed the "civilised world" by destroying its chemical and biological weapons, but has failed to call on Israel to do the same thing. Al Ra'i Arabic daily said Sunday. If anyting, this advice should be first directed to the American administration because of the vast arsenai of nuclear and other types of weapons under its disoposal, the paper said. Iraq has already announced its readiness to dispose of its arsenal of weapons of destruction provided that Israel did the same thing, but Baker tends to forget this fact, and issues a statement without giving any consideration to the continued Israeli occupation of Arab lands and the failure on the part of the Western alliance to solve the Arab-Israeli issue, the paper continued. It said that Baker has to remember that it is the United States which has massed troops and planted mines in the deserts of Saudi Arabia, and is making ready to launch aggression with all types of weapons on Iraq. Baker has to remember well that Israel has a vast arsenal of nuclear weapons ready for use against the Arabs, and continues to hold on to these weapons and to threaten its neighbours whose lands it continues to occupy, the paper said. The paper said that the U.S. administration is invited to become a useful member of the civilised world community, not by issuing advice or promises, but rather through ending its threats and refraining from hostile actions against the Arabs in general and Iraq in particular.

Al Dustour Arabic daily on Sunday bitterly criticised the U.N. Security Council for adopting a double standard system in dealing with world issues. Since the outbreak of the Gulf crisis, the council has taken eight resolutions, three of them in one week, and all these resolutions were said to have been directed towards ending Iraq's occupation of Kuwait which is now two months old, said the paper. But, it pointed out that a Yemeni request to the council to discuss the Arab-Israeli issue and the situation in the Israeli-occupied Arab territories, is being delayed on purpose by the council members who have clearly fallen under the influence of the U.S. administration and its policies. The paper said that the world is fed up with Washington's empty slogans about a new world order and human rights when it is practising otherwise, and forcing the U.N. Security Council to adopt a double standard attitude, serving the interests of the Western alliance. The paper asked how could the Arabs and other nations of the world give credibility to Washington's statements and slogans about peace. justice and human rights as they watch discrimination against the Arabs when it comes to their issue with Israel that has been occupying their land for 23 years. The West in general and the United States in particular have been witnessing and condoning Israel's disregard to Security Council resolutions, and despite that they pursue a hypocritical policy to deceive the world.

Weekly Political Pulse

By Waleed Sadi

# West needs to show even-handedness

fact related to the Arab-Israeli conflict on one hand and the Gulf crisis on the other are different, no one can suggest that the issues of law applicable to the two situations are in any way distinguishable. The two cases involve the issues of law related to the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by force and illegal annexations. Yet the Arab World notes that whereas the West orchestrated nine U.N. Security Council resolutions on the Gulf crisis in a span of eight weeks, it did not see fit to accord the Palestinian case and the broader Arab-Israeli conflict except a handful of resolutions in the course of the last two decades, none of which had any teeth.

This is where the Arab grievance lies and this is where Washington and its immediate allies need to act to offset this naked discrimination in favour of their oil interests instead of the fundamental human interests involved in the Arab-Israeli conflicts.

Time is still propitious to do something about the imbalance in the Western world's perspectives in these matters. And to prove their even-handedness, the West may contemplate the an immediate remedial action by adopting follow up resolutions to U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338, the cornerstones of any peaceful settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict, in the same manner and with the speed that they have demonstrated in the Kuwaiti situation. The Arabs certainly do not ask for once a week resolutions. because that would be utterly ridiculous, but rather periodic resolutions to substantiate the west's interest in and concern for a peaceful settlement of the

Arab-Israeli conflict.

Some of these envisaged

resolutions would reinforce the call for a U.N.-sponsored international conference to which all the parties to the Middle East conflict would be invited within a reasonable time to be determined before hand. There would be a need to incorporate some language in any such resolutions warning all the parties that the U.N. Security Council would consider taking additional measures against any party that refuses to participate in good faith in any such international conference. If any party continues to defy the wish of the U.N. Security Council by frustrating its determination to resolve all aspects of the Arab-Israeli conflict in the context of an international conference, then the Security Council would be duty bound to apply sanctions and embargoes of all kinds against any such a party be it an Arab

Since the U.N. Security Council has of late acquired a liking to enforce its resolutions by resorting first to economic pressures in the form of land, sea and air embargoes, the Arab side is impatiently waiting for it to dish out similar measures against any Middle Easte, n party that flouts its will to settle the Arab-Israeli con-

flict once and for all. Imagine, if you will, that Israel gets a hint even at this early stage that the permanent members of the U.N. Security Council are conducting informal consultations with a view to apply sanctions on Israel if it continues to frustrate all peaceful efforts to enforce U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338. This is the kind of signal that the Arab World, including Iraq, is still waiting for from the West and the permanent members of the Security Council as evidence of their good faith and even handedness in dealing with the separable conflicts of the Gulf and the Middle East regions.

The Arab World should expect this policy to be introduced even prior to any Iraqi withdrawal from all or part of Kuwait. Once Washington decides to take such a course, Iraq would be the first to rally its support for it and in the process would become amenable to heeding the proliferating U.N. Security Council resolutions on its situation. As a matter of fact, Baghdad would then be affectively denied any justification to refuse to honour the recent Security Council resolutions on the Gulf conflict. In effect, all parties genuinely interested in solving the Kuwaiti situation on the basis of legitimacy and relevant U.N. resolutions would be invited to accommodate the Arab World on this reasonable request forth with by at least showing a readiness to consider the application of sanctions and embargoes on any Middle East party that refuses to participate in good faith in the enforcement of Security Council resolution 242 and 338.

Accordingly instead of Washington keeping on the heat on Baghdad alone by insinuating that it seeks yet another U.N. Security Council resolution authorising the use of force against Iraq, one would expect, even at this late hour, that it is also seeking a follow-up resolution to resolutions 242 and 338 envisaging the application of sanctions and embargoes on any Middle East party that refuses to respect and observe these resolutions by frustrating the decade long efforts to convene an international conference on the Arab-Israeli conflicts. What better to show good faith than to act now along these lines and even before Iraq is asked to withdraw from Kuwait.

# 'Facts' by Prince Bandar — half true, false or not mentioned

By Dr. Hazem Nusseibelr

In this article, Dr. Nusseibeh replies to an open letter the Saudi ambassador in Washington, Prince Bandar, addressed to His Majesty King Hussein. The letter appeared in American and British newspapers. This article appeared in the Washington Post of Oct. 6 and the Sunday Times (London) of Oct. 7.

YOUR Excellency: His Majesty King Hussein is precluded by a natural preference for the language of diplomacy and reason over the language of passion and personal denigration from replying himself to the open letter you addressed to him through The Sunday Times last week.

His is also restrained by his wish to respect the agreement made between his grandfather King Abdullah, and your distinguished grandfather, King Abdul Aziz Al Saud, to bury the memory of the circumstances in which the dynasty of Al Saud replaced the Hashemite family as sovereigns of the Hejaz and custodians of the holy places.

Your letter, inspired by King Hussein's broadcast through the CNN channel to the American public, was perhaps a personal initiative of your own rather than a decision by your government to open an illadvised and unwarranted campaign against King Hussein.

Nevertheless, it calls for a reply because of the wide publicity it has received on both sides of the Atlantic and because while it claims to present "facts" some of those facts are only half true, or not true, and there are other facts that have found no mention at all.

King Hussein did not say that the holy places in Saudi Arabia had been desecrated by what you call friendly forces, and out of discretion — a quality you would be wise to learn from him — he did not mention the occasion when your government called in French forces to evict, not foreigners, but your own citizens from the precincts of the Holy Kaaba. What he did say was that the presence of

non-Arab and non-Muslim forces in Saudi Arabia united secular nationalism and religious conservatism against it, which might, in the event of war, "result in incalculably grave consequences invloving Arabs and Muslims the world

He therefore advocated that these forces should be withdrawn "within the shortest possible period of time." It is difficult to understand why you, as the representative of your government, should object to that, unless you want these foreign forces to prolong their presence beyond the immediate crisis.

You make the extraordinary statement that King Hussein was responsible for the Palestinian homeland on the West Bank from 1948-67, and you ask why he did not give Palestinians their rights and state-hood. King Hussein accorded to the throne in 1953. And there was no Palestine homeland on the West Bank. The territories of Palestine which remained in Arab hands after 1948 and 1949 joined the Kingdom of Transjordan at the request of the Palestinians themselves, who did not want to consecrate partition by accepting a Palestinian state on only part of their land. Their homeland is Palestine, not the

You sarcastically remark that "your whole country was created by the... colonial British," as if any country in the Arabian peninsula achieved its present frontiers other than through arrangements made by Great Britain and France during and after the first world war. King Hussein's greatgrand-father, Sherif Hussein, favoured a united Arab State in the whole of the peninsula.

in the whole of the peninsula.

Jordan has not opposed the right of any sovereign country to invite troops to aid its defence. The reference you make to 1958, when Jordan called for foreign assistance, came in the context of the cold war.

Like some Western statesmen you seek to draw a parallel between this crisis and Germany's invasion of neighbouring countries in 1938 and 1939, forgetting that the rise of National Socialism took place against the background of frustration and resentment caused by the Versailles settlement.

Iraq's invasion and annexation of Kuwait cannot be correctly described as the sole cause of the crisis; it has its roots in other annexations, other problems created by the international community but left unresolved.

In calling not only for the withdrawal of Iraq from Kuwait, but also for a serious international effort to solve the other equally serious problems. in the region. King Hussein has consistently put forward a point of view to which the governments of France, the Soviet Union, Great Britain, and even the United States of America are gradually coming around. It is difficult to understand in whose interest it is to discredit and denigrate King Hussein's offorts just when they seem to be bearing fruit.

Could it be that the real cause of your outburst against the King is his statement that "as regards all countries and peoples in the region, every encouragement must be given to their governments to ensure their orderly and rapid transformation into democracies recognised as such by any acceptable yardstick in this world, where citizens enjoy equal rights and where human rights are recognised, enjoyed

and respected"?
You state that you have lost "the great respect and affection" you had for King Hussein, though you retain them for the Jordanian people, I do not think King Hussein will be unduly upset by what ever change of mind you may have had about his personality. He is quite happy with the solid support he enjoys not only of the Jordanian people, but also of a broad and perhaps major spectrum of the Arab peoples, of whose aspirations he is the authentic spokesman.

The writer is a member of the Upper House of Parliament and a former foreign minister

# Congressional opposition to U.S. Gulf policy attracts strong support

By Martin Walker

WASHINGTON — A senior congressman has become the first American politician to oppose sending U.S. troops to the Gulf, and to the surprise of Washington's political establishment, has found strong support from his voters in Michigan.

Congressman Bob Traxler is a member of the College of Cardinals, the traditional title for the powerful chairmen of the 13-sub-committees of the House Appropriations Committee. They control the purse-strings of government and their views, which are usually orthodox, command respect.

Mr. Traxler surprised his fellow Cardinals recently by announcing that he was "unalterably opposed" to Operation Desert Shield. The Cardinals were even more startled when Mr. Traxler's local paper, the Saginaw News, reported that its own soundings of the voters showed 63 per cent of them backed their congressman's stand.

The support of Mr. Traxler is one of several indications that public opinion is increasingly ambivalent about the prospect of war in the Gulf. Significantly, the foreign affairs committee of the lower House of Congress decided not to vote on a draft resolution which would endorse President Bush's actions so far.

"I do not believe in what we are doing. I don't see it in the national interest and I'm compelled to raise my hand and say I dissent... We need to come home. We have serious economic problems that deserve our full attention and resources." Mr. Traxler said.

"There's no reason for us to be in the sands of Arabia except oil. There's no threat to our homeland. We could develop an energy policy that would free us from foreign oil. We chose not to do that.

"I want us energy independent and the troops home to build this country for the economic warfare of the next century," he added.

Mr. Traxler's office in Washington says that the mail is running to 60-40 in his favour, and that only two letters have accused him of being a "traitor." The other leading critic of President Bush's policy. Senator Bob Kerrey of Nebraska, has also found strong support in his prairie state.

"I am profoundly uneasy about the instant deployment of over 100,000 American troops, sold to the American people on false assertions that Saddam Hussein is Adolf Hitler, that our way of life is at clear and present 'danger, that we have as much at stake as we did in the World War II. At this moment, I believe our military action was improperly rationalised, incompletely thought out, and dangerous." Senator Kerrey said on the Senate floor recently.

Congressmen are now turning back to the small print of recent opinion polls in an attempt to discover just what the American public thinks. A Washington Post-ABC poll which reported 78 per cent approval for President George Bush's handling of the crisis, and S1 per cent approval for sending of U.S. troops, produced different answers to deeper questions.

Only 48 per cent replied yes when asked if they "favour invading Kuwait to force out Iraq, if this meant risking war with Iraq." A majority of 52 per cent said they opposed keeping U.S. forces in the Gulf permanently.

"South Dakota is sending me a lot of mixed signals. The farther you get from the initial response, the greater the uncertainty about the reason for our being there," said Senator Tom Daschle, co-chairman of the Senate Democratic Policy Committee.

Mr. Traxler, who faces reelection in six weeks, has in 14 years turned what was once a safe Republican constituency along the shores of Lake Huron into a personal fieldom, where he was last returned to Congress with 72 per cent of the vote — The Guardian.

### Turkey not against Jordan

To the editor

IT WAS most disappointing for me to see, in your editorial of October 7th, "Steps to Reconsider", Turkey being depicted as a country "putting some formidable obstacles to Jordanian trucks," ... getting in league with other countries to prevent them from doing their trade" and even "trying to strangle Jordan in a rather coordinated way."

In an atmosphere conducive to theories of conspiracy, it is not surprising to find such stories circulating. What is surprising is to see a serious newspaper as the Jordan Times falling prey to them. It was disappointing and indeed appalling to read these accusations, particularly in an article which had nothing to do with Turkey or the Jordanian-Turkish relations. It is inconceivable to understand how you can reach at such easy conclusions without even relating what the problem is. I do not want to be drawn into an argument over the issue which we are trying to resolve amicably with the Jordanian authorities, but I feel you have an obligation towards your readers to provide them with facts. It may well be that the whole dispute is over the number of trucks to be permitted in accordance with existing international agreement.

Let me summarise what the issue is and try to separate eggs from apples which you have put in the same basket:

The International Land Transport Agreement concluded in 1988 between Jordan and Turkey has left the determination of the annual quotas (or number of permits to be issued for trucks transiting each country) to a later stage. Now it seems we have reached that stage in view of the problems our transport sectors are facing following the Gulf crisis. Recently a substantial increase in Jordanian demands for special permits has been recorded. Whatever the reasons for this increase, may be, the Turkish authorities could not immediately respond positively to these applications since the Turkish transporters are also facing serious problems. A big number of Turkish trucks engaged in export, transiting and transhipment of goods to Iraq and Kuwait remain idle as it is the case in Jordan. Therefore, it is not a matter of strangling Jordan but attempting to provide employment to local transporters and sharing the diminishing means with the Jordanian transporters. However, trucks with Jordanian registered plates are not prevented to enter Turkey nor are Jordanian goods. There is, moreover, no limitation and/or restriction on the transportation of goods from Turkey to Jordan as long as benefits are equitably reaped.

As you can see there is no relation between this issue and the positions our respective governments have taken in the Gulf crisis. Friendly and brotherly relations between Jordan and Turkey which we cherish need to be protected from unnecessarily exaggerated reactions. We are in constant contact with the Jordanian authorities concerned. I can assure your readers that a solution will soon be found to this issue (a minor one I believe) avoiding further exploitation of emotions.

Oktay Aksoy, Ambassador of Turkey, Amman.

### **Proportionate response**

To the Editor:

Reference Dr. Abdalla Malki's article on the Econo-Political Forum (Sept. 26, 90). Resolution 660 is no where a xerox of 242. The economies of every country of the world are affected by Iraq's action. The sum total is mind boggling. The response has to be proportionate.

Capt. Otis F. D'Souza, H/2, Mandar, Raut Lane, Juhu Bombay - 400049 India.

### Jaha won't do

To the Edito

**LETTERS** 

ON Dr. Walid Sadi's article "Let's send Jaha to Baghdad and Riyadh" (Jordan Times, Sept. 24, 1990), I have several points to make:

— The massive build-up of multinational forces led by the U.S.

which may exceed 250,000 troops by the end of next month in Saudi Arabia will not leave the holy land by an order from the Saudi government even if Riyadh decides to do so.

The Saudi government is not willing to open any dialogue to defuse the explosive situation because the West rejects that

defuse the explosive situation because the West rejects that—
Massing all these foreign and Arab forces against Iraq has left no room for a negotiated peaceful settlement.

— Americans have gone too far in their criminal actions.

Americans have gone too far in their criminal actions, especially by starving innocent children.

The core of the problem is having 20 per cent of oil reserve in

Arab hands and that what worries the West.

— The behaviour of the Saudi government by expelling Jordanian diplomats and moreover accusing them of spying, cutting of oil supplies after a six-hour notice, are unjustifiable actions towards a country like Jordan which had sacrificed a lot for our brothers in Saudi Arabia.

— The invasion of Kuwait by Iraqi troops, as His Majesty King Hussein and HRH Crown Prince Hassan explained, did not come out of a vacuum. The problem has its deep roots: Kuwait had launched a fierce economic war against Iraq which had fought for eight years on behalf of Gulf countries and all Arabs.
Also, Kuwait was an Iraqi province throughout history until

Also, Kuwait was an Iraqi province throughout history until British colonial rule divided them after World War I.

I think, it is time to know the core of the problem and to be reasonable and objective rather than deceive ourselves. The Arabs must stand firm against foreign intervention, and that is why I know very well that jaha will not succeed in its mission.

Hussein Othman Amman

### We are with Saddam

To the Editor:

SINCE Iraq took over Kuwait on Aug. 2, there have been claims that President Saddam Hussein is losing his battle to foreign forces and economic and diplomatic sanctions. These claims cite as basis the alleged increased Kuwaiti resistance to Iraqi forces, Iraq's acceptance of the 1975 border treaty with Iran and its withdrawal from Iranian territory, and reports of food and medicine shortages in Kuwait and Iraq. The claimants also contend that the Palestinian cause and Palestinians in general have suffered a setback as a result of Iraq's occupation and annexation of Kuwait.

These and other claims must be part of the propaganda war waged against Iraq in particular and Arabs in general.

Arabs have been striving for decades for political and social

Arabs have been striving for decades for political and social transformation. Their attempts were always frustrated by differences and splits among Arab leaders. Palestinians suffered most. They have been sacrificing for the last 50 years to regain their rights. But so far, with no tangible results. That compounded their agony and despair. Apart from Jordan, Palestinians in the Arab World have always been treated as aliens, especially in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and the rest of the Gulf states. For them Iraq and President Saddam Hussein is a strong hope.

Therefore, whatever the outcome of this crisis might be, we, the Arabs, and particularly the Palestinians should act in solidarity with Iraq, the only country in the region which has the U.S. and Europe....

U.S. and Europe....
To President Saddam Hussein, I say, we are all with you in the battle for Arab dignity. We either live in dignity or die in grace.

Susan A. Rasekh.

# 1890: a hundred years ago

By Jean Chabrier l'Actualite en France

1890 began with a flu epidemic. People were worried about the ravages of alcoholism and. already, about the growing use of drugs with the new vogue of "naphtomania" which consisted in breathing in paraffin vapours. The Sacre Coeur basilica in Montmartre was nearing completion and the new Faculty of Medicine was inaugurated in Paris, while preparatory work was being carried out on the Metro, which had been planned since 1855. Montpellier University sumpthously celebrated its 600th anniversary and physical education was introduced in schools. The Par-Mutuel (tote betting) was created and the fame of the opera singer Dame Nellie Melba was ensured by the peach desert named after her.

The average speed of mainline mains varied between 88 and 102 kilometres an hour, but people were not over-enthusiastic about electricity, the telephone and the phonograph. And the beginnings of the Panhard brothers' automobile and the first "flea jumps" of Clement Ader's aeroplane were only known to a handful of initiates. They were considered as the playthings of the idle rich.

The new port of "La Pallice" at La Rochelle on the Atlantic coast, greatly admired by technicians, was inaugurated. The work of the refrigeration engineer, Pictet, who created a chain of huge

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France and abroad, was also admired. Somkeless gunpowder, which had recently been invented, was undergoing intensive tests as well as various kinds of military material and the French Navy launched new kinds of highly efficient battleships. The idea of getting one's own back for the 1870/71 war was gaining in strenght every year and the ruins of the Cour des Comptes (Audit Office), on Quai d' Orsay, still stood in the heart of Paris, serving as a focus for it. Alsace and Lorraine, which had been lost, were in the hearts of all the French. A subject of pride was the 5-masted "France", the biggest sailing ship ever built, 114

metres long with 59 metre high

masts for a tonnage of 6,000

tonnes, a record never to be

A famous tidbit of news concerns the "bleeding trunk", abandoned in a left-luggage office at Gare de Lyon station, and containing the corpse of bailiff Gouffe, cut up into pieces. This method was widely imitated all over the world, but it did not help the assassin, Eyraud, who was arrested in Havana at the end of the year. The story inspired many song-writers in Montmartre and "Gouffe's trunk" became the subject of many ballads. Police Inspector Jaume, who was able to gain admittance anywhere thanks to his clever disguises, became a

celebrity, and all the police-forces

refrigerated warehouses both in in the world were interested in of Heligoland was retroceded to the system of anthropometry de- Germany to seal the treaty. But veloped by Bertillon.

Politics continued its games, but opinion was moved when the Duke of Orleans returned to France to do his military service in spite of the law banning descendants from French royal families from entering the country. He was sentenced to two years in prison. The first antislavery congress was also held in Paris, presided over by Cardinal Lavigerie.

The weather was fairly changeable with violent storms and even 20 centimetres of snow in Luchon, at the foot of the Pyrenees, right in the middle of summer. The delightful painter and watercolourist, E. Lami died. as did the very witty writer Alphonse Karr, who, while still young, withdrew to a remote spot in the country where he grew flowers, as he was disgusted with Paris whose little darling he had become. The place was Saint-Raphael.

Many things also happened abroad. Belgium celebrated her jubilee and almost caused a diplomatic incident (though whether it was a slip up or premeditated, who can tell?) By presenting a menu written entirein French to the German Emperor who had banned the language. Germany and Britain signed a convention on sharing out Africa, which caused concern among other nations. The island

with the rise of socialism in the elections Bismarck resigned. Ten year old Wilhelmina succeeded her father William III, king of the Netherlands. In Spain, the equally young King Alphonse XIII, aged 4, was seriously ill, while Carlos I became king of Portugal. In Russia, construction was begun on the Trans-Siberian railway, whose route the Czar had just determined. Since 1870, the Popes had considered themselves as prisoners of the Italian State.

There were wars, revolutions and conflicts everywhere: a revolution in Argentina, a conflict between San Salvador and Guatemala, nationalist agitation in Ireland, etc... There had even been a mini-revolution, with a single death, in the very peaceful Swiss confederation and Berne had had to send troops to the Canton of Tessin. The United States were faced with a revolt from Indian tribes. Colonel Cody, alias "Buffalo Bill" and the less known Major Miles went to fight them. The "electric chair", which was to be used as a means of execution also appeared in the

and went as far as Rome.

And then, right next to France. in Germany, a certain Doctor Koch isolated, without any doubt whatsoever, the "consumption"



bacillus, that is to say the Tuberculosis bacterium and it was highly hoped that it would be possible to stamp out this terrible disease

in the near future. That is what was happening in forthcoming attempt to fly over down. It is ture that it had only the world which numerous ex- the North Pole in a balloon, and a been built as a temporary con-

plorers were still trying to discov- petition was going round asking struction for the 1889 World Fair.

er. There was even talk of a for the Eiffel Tower to be taken

### Iraq sees war imminent

(Continued from page 1)

say that we've made a decision that by X date there will be military action would not be accu-

rate," Cheney said. U.S. military officials said that the American troop build up in Saudi Arabia is virtually complete, but its forces still lack the firepower necessary to launch a successful ground offensive against Iraqi troops in Kuwait.

The officials, in Washington and Saudi Arabia, said that all of the heavy armour being shipped to the Gulf should arrive by week's end, closing out the biggest phase of the two-month deployment and bringing to nearly 200,000 the number of U.S. troops in the region.

Discussion of U.S. options has American mission might shift from the defence of Saudi Arabia to some offensive action against Iraqi forces once the final U.S.

armoured units arrived. Britain is redeploying a squadron of Tornado GR1 ground-attack jets from Bahrain to Saudi Arabia and 12

Jaguar strike aircraft from Oman to Bahrain, Armed Forces Minister Archibald Hamilton said Sunday.

"This is basically to enhance our deterrent effect," Hamilton told reporters at the Muharraq air facility in Bahrain.

Hamilton said the Tornadoes would fly to Sandi Arabia on Tues-day, while the full squadron of 12 laguars would be rebased in Bahrain within about 10 days.

By then, Britain will have 40 to 50 combat aircraft deployed in the region as part of its contribution to the multinational buildup.

Church appeals to Bush

The spiritual leader of the episcopal church, whose most prominent member is President Bush, Saturday appealed for Bush to avoid the "trap war," in th Gulf by giving sanctions against Iraq time to work.

Presiding Bishop Edmond Browning, in a pastoral statement directed to Bush and 2.4 million U.S. Episcopalians, also pleaded for Americans not to allow the Guif crisis to degenerate into an anti-Arab campaign" or see the conflict as a "clash between Islam and Christianity."

A spokesman for the Episcopal Church, which is the U.S. branch of world anglicanism, told Reuters the statement was being distributed to all Episcopal bishops in the hopes it would be disseminated through 7,400 local churches as quickly as possible.

"I pray for President Bush that he adhere to the United Nations resolutions on the Gulf crisis... I urge that he remain steadfast and never give in to the trap of war," the Episcopalian leader wrote.

While condemning Iraq's "aggression" against Kuwait, Browning also questioned the U.S. troops buildup in questioned the U.S. troops buildup in the Gulf, saying it appears mainly motivated by economics tied to Americans "addiction to unnecessary consumption."

"Does not the movement of a massive war machine to the deserts of Saudi Arabia and the waters of the 'Persian' Gulf make war the more likely? The sanctions must be given time to work," he said.

He also urged Episcopalians to work to assure that America's national motives are "clear and honour-able" and that "we not demonise, stereotype or oversimplify.'

"Americans must realise that the Saddam Hussein characterised as an Adolf Hitler after his invasion of Kuwait is the same person who a few weeks earlier was being touted by the (Bush) adminstration as a possible guarantor of peace and stability in the region," Browning said.

Surely truth and justice are not served by sterotype and propagandis-tic demonication," he added.

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AMMAN JORDAN

### Badran says hope revived

(Continued from page 1)

The prime minister noted that Jordan had been turned into a basic centre for diplomacy because of its initial stand and support for a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis. Jordan's stand and its insistence on finding a peaceful solution to the crisis was consi-

dered by some leaders as departure from world opinion, he said.

Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat, Badran said, seeks to find a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis because he sees a way out in this solution for the Palestine question which has remained frozen for a long time.

### Syrians will not join attack

(Continued from page 1)

the opportunity to justify its hold on Arab land in the same context as Iraq's claims on Kuwait," although there was no connection between the two problems. Sharaa said.

Iraqi officials in Baghdad have repeatedly said there can be no. settlement to the Gulf crisis without taking other Middle East conflicts into account.

An Egyptian minister was visiting Libya Sunday with a message from Mubarak on developments in the Gulf crisis, Egypt's Middle East News Agency (MENA) re-

ported. Information Minister Safwat Sharif left for Tripoli with a message for Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi on "the impact of Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait on joint Arab action," the agency

said. Libya has opposed the U.S.dominated military buildup in the Gulf, but said it did not approve of Irag's takeover of Kuwait.

Assad and Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev Sunday exchanged congratulatory telegrams marking the 10th anniversary of a Syrian-Soviet treaty of friendship and coopera-

tion. In his telegram, Assad said: "The treaty is the basis for the continuation of expanding and consolidating Syrian-Soviet relations in various fields."

"It also supports the cause of just peace in our region and in the world," Assad said, adding that "I wish to express my confidence that development of relations between our two countries will continue according to the path desig-

In his message, Gorbachev expressed his "satisfaction as to the high level of Soviet-Syrian rela-

nated in the treaty.'

"We have to deepen it and expand it in current world cirmstances to serve the intere of the USSR and Syria." The treaty was signed in the

Kremlin Oct. 7, 1980. The Soviet Union, Syria's chief arms supplier, has been urging Assad to abandon his drive for strategic parity with Israel and

has reduced the flow of advanced

weaponry to Damascus, according to Western reports. However, Moscow has reiterated its continuing commitment

to Syria's security. In light of Moscow's recent tightening up on arms supplies to Syria, its agreement to join the U.S.-led force in the Gulf has been seen as an attempt by Assad to draw closer to Washington.

Syria has long been vilified by the U.S. government as a sponsor of "terrorism," but last month U.S. Secretary of State James Baker visited Damascus.

The Baker-Assad meeting was intended to explore further coop-

# King, Arafat discuss Gulf efforts

(Continued from page I)

leader of the Arab liberation movement to accept the presence of fore-ign troops on Arab soil," he asked. Arafat implied that the PLO was undeterred by Gulf states' deportations of Palestinians working there.

"It is not the first time that Palestinians were deported... they were expelled in waves ten times for (sup-porting) late Egyptian President Jam-al Abdul Nasser and twice to appease the late shah of Iran," he said. "It is not the first time... but oil will never be more important to us than our holy

places (in Palestine)," he said. The Palestinian leader praised Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's position vis-a-vis the Palestinians. "You can tell real gold when you rub it... his position is golden," he said.

Arafat left Amman late Sunday. Arafat, who arrived here from Baghdad late Saturday after talks with Iraqi leaders and special Soviet envoy Yevgeny Primakov, told Petra that the "best solution to the Gulf crisis was an Arab solution under an international umbrella " but "a colu tion to all problems of the region is a

basic requirement." Petra said Saturday's talks, which included a lunch at Al Nadwa Palace, were attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, the King's Political Advisor Adnan Abu Odeh and Minister of Information and acting Foreign Minister Ibrahim

The Palestinian side to the talks included Fateh leader Salah Khalaf, PLO Executive Committee members Mahmoud Abbas and Abdul Razaq Al Yahya and the Palestinian ambasador to Jordan, Al Tayyeb Abdul

Rahim. A senior PLO official said Saturday that the organisation had recently launched a flurry of diplomatic activities to Arab and Western countries attempting to formulate a comprehensive peace invitation on the Gulf.
"That initiative should ensure a

clear linkage between a solution to the Gulf crisis and a settlement of other Middle East conflicts, mainly the Palestinian problem," the official

told the AP on condition of anonym-

He said Palestinian leaders suggested that a unified Arab peace formula should be the first step, with an emphasis on the withdrawal of foreign troops from Arab lands. Iraqi President Saddam Hussein

proposed on Aug. 12 that he would discuss withdrawing from Kuwait if an Israeli withdrawal from the West Bank and Gaza Strip was also negoti-"The Gulf crisis, and world and

regional talk about this linkage will definitely too the agenda of President Arafat's talks with King Hussein," PLO Executive Committee mcmbe Mohammad Milhem told Reuters.

"Ther are qualitative steps towards the need to implement all U.N. re-solutions on all disputes in the region," he said.

Recent statements by French, U.S., British and Soviet leaders have suggested that an Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait could pave the way for a broader Middle East peace. But they still insist on an uncon-

ditional Iraqi pullout from Kuwait. Yasser Abed Rabbo, a member of the PLO Executive Committee, told the Al Ra'i newspaper Saturday that "solving the Gulf crisis should be a prelude to dealing with other issues in the Middle East, especially the

Palestinian issue." Ahmad Al Jamal, an official of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine, said the PLO was pushing either for an international conference on the Gulf and Middle East conflicts or an Arab solution requiring the departure of American and other foreign troops from the

"Then the Arab League would discuss the rest of the issues," he told Reuters.

Palestinian sources in Amman said PLO policy would be drafted at a meeting of its 100-member Central Council in Tunis Oct. 10 called to discuss the Gulf crisis, Reuters re-

They said Syrian-based Palestinian groups, currently outside the PLO umbrella, might attend as observers. They said participation by groups previously opposed to Arafat would

boost his leadership of the PLO. Jamal said the Central Council meeting "will try to come out with a ınified Palestinian position."

The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has applauded a statement by Douglas Hurd, Britain's foreign secretary, that Palestinians deserve world understanding in their quest for a homeland.

In a speech Thursday that was openly critical of Israel, Hurd said enyone with a sense of humanity "must sympathise with the Palesti-Their lands are occupied, they

have no political rights and they are daily victims of a misguided policy which believes that the security of Israel must rest on closed universities, illegitimate settlements and even collective punishment," he said. In a letter to Hurd, Afif Safieh,

head of the PLO's London delegation, said Hurd's speech was "a great source of encouragement for the Palestinian people living under either endless occupation or enforced diasponization.

Israel to abandon the dialogue of arms and to explore with us under the United Nations' auspices, the potential of... dialogue and negotia-

"Today the international community is facing the challenge of whether there is one mankind or different

kinds of men and women, The PLO, he said, "remains committed to its peace initiative and is

available for a peaceful and negotiated settlement."

Hurd told the Diplomatic and

Commonwealth Writers Association that the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council should consult in preparation for a meeting

"We believe that preparation should aim at, and end in, an international conference.... all parties with a direct interest should be allowed a - the Israelis, Palestinians, other Arab states in the region and the five." he said.

Safieh told Hurd his speech "has proven that you believe international law is indivisible and that the United Nations should address 'the un-

finished business' in the Gulf and in

Safieh said he hoped other permanent members of the U.N. Security Council would endorse Hurd's state-

Israeli newspapers reacted with alarm and anger Sunday to Hurd's

Hadashot, a popular tabloid, said Britain had joined the Soviet Union and France in drawing a parallel between Iraq's occupation of Kuwait and Israel's occupation of the West

Bank and Gaza Strip.

Avi Pazner, senior advisor to Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, again rejected any linkage between the Gulf crisis and the Arab-Israeli conflict.

"Such linkage will only ensure that you are not going to solve any prob-lem," he told the international television news agency Visnews Sunday.

### Israeli raid

(Continued from page 1) has become routine in Arab Jeru-

In the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, Israeli forces found the bodies of three Palestinians killed by unknown assailants Fri-

day and Saturday. In most of the occupied territories, residents observed a general strike called by the Islamic Jihad (holy war) movement to mark what it calls the third anniversary of the uprising.

Other Palestinian groups say the revolt began in December 1987. In Gaza, the Israeli army clamped a Israeli curfew on Rafah camp and in the Sabra

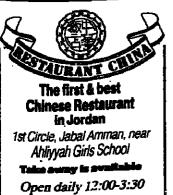
neighbourhood of Gaza City. At Bureij refugee camp, forces rounded up dozens of residents for questioning in connection with the killing of an Israeli soldier there Sept. 19.

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### Asian Games end with dance, acrobatics, lights and fireworks

PIKING (AP) - China closed by more than 9.000 professional the Asian Games, its biggest sports festival ever, in a pageant of dance, acrobatics, swirling lights and showers of fireworks Sunday night.

China's top leaders watched as the games flame was extinguished and "let's meet in Hiroshima" flashed on the scoreboard of the 71,000-seat workers stadium. The Western Japan city is to be host to the 1994 games.

A big red Chinese-language

banner in the audience declared, "let's meet in Peking in 2000," a reference to Peking's hopes that these games would be a steppingstone to bringing the Olympics here in 10 years.

The ceremony closed two weeks of competition among some 4,500 athletes from 37 nations. Iraq was expelled from the games for its Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait.

China won 183 of the 310 gold medals awarded. South Korea was far behind with 54, and Japan third with 38.

Roads around the stadium were closed to most traffic, and security measures also included repeated warnings to spectators not to make loud noises or move around unnecessarily.

Chinese President Yang Shangkun, Premier Li Peng and Communist Party General Secretary Jiang Zemin were among those watching a 45-minute programme, called "star-spangled night," and amateur singers, dancers and acrobats.

Pan Pan the giant panda, the games' mascot, made a brief appearance to meet people dressed as Poppo and Cuccu, the doves serving as mascots for the

Earlier, after the athletes marched in groups of three nations at a time, Roy de Silva of Sri Lanka, a vice president of the Olympic Council of Asia, declared the games closed and added:

"I call on the youth of Asia to assemble in four years at Hiroshima to celebrate the Asian Games there in accordance with the ideals of the Olympic Council of Asia (OCA).

The OCA flag was handed over to Hiroshima Mayor Takeshi

Dancers in a multitude of Asian national costumes took the field, and later acrobats formed human pyramids on moving bicy-

The Games flame was slowly extinguished, and then sets of twinkling bulbs and sweeping searchlights brightened the stadium. A long succession of fireworks burst in the sky, trailing dots of red, orange and purple back towards the ground, and the dancers waved a goodbye.

Indian speeedster P.T. Usha retired from the track in a glow of silver, rather than gold.

### Liverpool remains at top

occupy their usual position at the top of the English first division. daring their rivals to knock them from their perch.

They beat Derby 2-0 Saturday with another efficient performance. goalscorers Ray Houghton and Peter Beardsley again claiming a large slice of the limelight.

But, aside from Liverpool's renowned on-field brilliance and envied off-field organisation, it can be argued that a fair chunk of their success stems from unorthodox goalkeeper Bruce Grobbe-

Grobbelaar, 33 Saturday, has conceded only five goals this season and remains at the hub of the Liverpool machine, winners of all their eight league matches.

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Yet not everyone is convinced. Despite almost 350 league appearances, Grobbelaar is often regarded as an eccentric performer with a capacity for costly blunders.

Regulars at Anfield, on the other hand, know that the South African-born keeper continues to save many more than he concedes.

He remains a fine example of the adage that goalkeepers improve with age and spoke of his admiration for the 41-year-old former England regular and current Derby stalwart Peter Shil-

"The man is an example to every player coming into the game," said Grobbelaar.

"When I was serving in the army in Rhodesia I used to tell my mates in the bush that one day I would be playing against Peter Shilton in the first division. They used to tell me I had more chance of being shot by a terrorist."

Grobbelaar successfully dodged the bullets and achieved his ambition but failed last month in his attempt to realise another personal goal.

Arsenal, which was champion two seasons ago, kept up the chase by beating Norwich 2-0. Two first half goals in five mi-nutes by midfielder Paul Davies bowled Norwich over.

Tottenham, which began the day on level points with its north London neighbour, lost ground by managing only a goalless tie with Queens Park Rangers.

### Becker beats Edberg in Australian indoor final

underlined his claim to be considered the world's number one tennis player when he wore down a tired Stefan Edberg 7-6 6-4 6-4 win the Australian indoor title

Becker, ranked second behind the Swede, exacted some revenge for his defeat in this year's Wimbledon final by Edberg, who was rarely able to get the measure of the German's booming serve in

an unusually lacklustre display. "It feels good to beat the num-ber one, it feels very, very special as it doesn't happen often in one's career. Becker said after spraying victory champagne over

"I wanted pretty badly to beat him — that Wimbledon loss hurt a little. I think I wanted to win

SYDNEY (R) — Boris Becker more than he did and today I was a little better than him.

Edberg, who pulled off a great comeback against world number three Ivan Lendl in Saturday's semifinal, led only twice - winning the first point of the match and then taking a 4-3 lead in the first set tiebreak.

He broke Becker's serve only once, to come back to 4-4 in the final set. But the red-haired German immediately broke back, thanks to a superb running forehand at break point, and served out to win the match in two hours

20 minutes. Becker, who won \$122,700 for his fourth title of 1990, has now beaten Edberg six times in nine matches since the beginning of 1989. All his victories have been in straight sets.

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

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The bidding. West North East South Pass Pass 4 🌩 Opening lead: Ace of There are some hands where only

an expert can go down! If you don't believe us, study this deal from the Masters' Pairs Championship more than a quarter of a century ago and see if you can work out how declarer, a nationally-ranked player, was defeated in his spade slam after the lead of the ace of hearts. Certainly, you can't quibble with

### FINAL MEDAL COUNT

Final medal count at the end of the 14th day of competition in the Asian Games Saturday.

China	183	107	51	34
South Korea	54	54	73	18
Japan	38	60	76	17
North Korea	12	31	39	8
Iran	4	6	8	18
Pakistan	4	1	7	Ľ
Indonesia	3	6	21	34
Qatar	3	2	1	(
Thailand	2	7	8	1
Malaysia	2	2	4	:
India	1	8	14	2
Mongolia	1	7	9	1
Philippines	1	2	7	10
Syria	1	0	2	
Oman	1	0	0	
Taiwan	0	10	21	3
Hong Kong	0	2	5	
Sri Lanka	0	2	1	:
Singapore	0	1	4	
Bangladesh	0	1	0	
Burma	0	0	2	
Laos	0	0	1	
Macau	0	0	1	
Nepal	0	0	1	
Saudi Arabia	0	0	1	
Total	310	309	357	97

Two golds were awarded in one event, two silvers in one event. multiple bronzes were awarded in a number of events.

Japan's long domination of Asian swimming sank under a Chinese wave.

Even among the Chinese. a 14-year-old rising star beat a lo-year-old world champion in men's platform diving.

Among the 31 games records that fell in 43 track and field events was one of the last reminders of Israel in the Asiad record books. The Israelis were excluded after the 1974 games. Israeli Esther Rot's 1974 mark of 13.31 seconds in the women's 100-metre hurdles stood until China's Liu Huajin beat it with a 12.73 Tuesday.

Chinese broke one world record in women's one-kilometre time trial cycling and one in women's team skeet shorting, but the South Koreans were tops in world marks, setting four in archery.

The Chinese hosts set up a programme that boosted their count, adding such events as women's weightlifting, the mar-tial art of wushu and diving team competition — worth a total of 17 golds. They also dropped some in which they have done poorly or not participated, such as equestrian and bowling — worth a total 18 golds at the last games.

But even without that help. they overwhelmed the competition in such mainstream sports as track and field and swimming. They even entered boxing, a sport banned here for almost two

decades as too violent. In 1986, a South Korean sweep of all 12 boxing golds helped keep the medals race close. And China also has shown it is determined to become a world power in all

The Chinese also provided an Asian Games debut this time for the South East Asian sport of sepak takraw, an acrobatic event akin to playing volleyball by kicking a smaller rattan ball over a net, and the South Asian game of kabaddi. Kabaddi, a game of tag involving team strategy, requires the attacker to continually chant "kabaddi, kabaddi," or be eli-

Malaysia won the two sepak takraw gold medals, and India triumphed at kabaddi.

Among the 4,500 athletes competing from 37 nations, special attention focused on Usha, a quadruple gold medallist at the last games and at last year's Asian championships.

Abandoning plans to retire be-fore the Peking games, the 26-year-old railway officer settled for three silvers here, and said she had no regrets about coming. Her games record of 52.16 in the 400 metres fell when China's Li Guilian beat her, 52.13 to 52.86. But her Asian record of 51.61 remained intact.

Nobody won more than two golds in track, but China's Shen Jianqiang piled up five in swimming - in the men's 50- and 100-metre freestyle races, the 100-metre butterfly and the 400metre freestyle and medley re-

lays.

The Chinese, who won 29 of the 43 track and fielf events, did even better in swimming, winning 23 of 31. Japan managed only seven, after beating the Chinese

17 to 10 last time. As in 1986, China reigned in diving. It also served warning for the future. Sun Shuwei, 14, edged 16-year-old teammate Xiong Ni. the 1989 World Cup champion. by 2.28 points in the men's platform competition.

The South Koreans, whose hard training paid off in 93 golds in the 1986 games and 12 in the 1988 Olympics, both in Seoul, found themselves struggling to develop a corps of newcomers in the two years since then. Their total of 54 this time was close to their pre-games predictions. But they saw themselves as

winners politically. In talks during the games with officials of North Korea, arrangements were made for the first sports exchanges ever between the Communist North and capitalist South, divided since 1945. North Korea was back in Asian

Games after boycotting the 1986 version and the 1988 Olympics, both in Seoul, and the 1984 Olympics in Los Angeles. It won

With the sportsfest, China

sought to erase the world's memories of troops shooting down pro-democracy demonstrators in Peking June 1989, and to take a step towards bringing the Olympics here in 2000.

### Saumarez wins Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe

No challenge from Salsabil

Starting from the outside,

Al Badr was the early leader in

Saumarez, who was ridden by

Epervier Bleu in the final 50

Salsabil stayed in the middle of

PARIS (AP) - Saumarez took ers after being the odds-on the lead midway through the favourite. stretch and won the Prix de L'Arc de Triomphe, Europe's top thoroughbred race, Sunday as the pack most of the way and favoured Salsabil never chal-

never found a clear path among the 21-horse field. She tried to France's Epervier Bleu made a make a final sourt but was outdislate charge to finish second. tanced by that time. Snurge was third and In The Wings fourth. the 2,400 metre race, but gave way with about 800 metres left to

Salsabil, the Irish Derby winner, lost for only the first time this year and the second in her Gerard Mosse. Saumarez held off

She never was among the lead- metres.

## **AMMAN LITTLE**

LEAGUE Results - Oct. 5, 1990

Kesuis — Oct. 5, 1770										
TOTS										
Marriott	1	v	. 1		Westi	nghou	se			
Pan Am	0	v	0		Istikla					
Intercontinental	2	v	4		Jorda	n Insu	rance	•		
JUNIORS										
7 Up	4	v	1		Peuge	ot				
Comcent	i	v	1		AICI					
National Paints	0	¥	1		Aqaba Shipping Co					
National Steelers	1	v	2		UPS					
MIDS										
GEMT	4	V	0	MWL						
Jordan Book Centre	0	v	4	Nashashibi/Ebbini				i		
Pepsi	6	v	1		Al Hikma					
		SENI	agn							
Pink Panther	0	V	13		Unich	em				
NECC	7	v	0		Volvo	_				
Qadoumi	ź	ý	3		Danish Dairy					
LEAGUE STANDINGS										
		TOTS P	T.,	_		F		TM.		
		_	W	D	_		Ą	Pts		
Pan Am		4	2	2	0	14	3	6		
Westinghouse		4	2	2	0	8	1	6		
Jordan Insurance		4	2	1	1	6				
Marriott		4	0	3	1	4	5	3		
Istiklal		4	1	1	2	2	3	3		
Intercontinental		4	0	1	3	4	20	1 '		
		JUNIO	DC							
Comment		-			Λ	1.4	1	7		
Comcent		4	3	1	0	14	1	7		
UPS		3	3	0	0	5	1	6		
A TCT		2	2	•		2	7	_		

Istiklal	4	1	1	2	2	3	3	
Intercontinental	4	0	1	3	4	20	1	•
	JUNIC	DRS			-			
Comcent	4	3	1	0	14	1	7	
UPS	3	3	0	0	5	1	6	
AICI	3	2	1	0	3	1	5	
7 Up	4	2	0	2	7	8	4	
Aqaba Shipping Co	4	2	0	2	3	5	4	
National Steelers	4	1	0	3	2	6	2	
Peugeot	3	0	0	3	1	9	0	
National Paints	3	0	0.,	3	Ó	3	0	
	MID	S		-		٠		
Nashashibi/ Ebbini	4	3	1	0	18	2	7	
<b>_</b> .		_	_	_		_	_	

12 2 7 13 5 6 1 0 GEMT 0 . I 2 2 11 11 4 Al Hikma 0 0 Jordan Book Centre 0 4 1 12 0 **SENIORS** 

Unichem 30 2 25 11 6 NECC 3 0 1 Volvo 2 0 2 13 14 4 Qadoumi 2 0 2 5 5 4 Danish Dairy 1 0 3 10 29 2 Pink Panther 4 0 0 4 4 26 0

### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY OCTOBER 8, 1998 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Blend your efforts with others in getting everything organised and arranged as you would both prefer to have them. Much analysis and balancing of all the various factors works out well for all concerned.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Make any jaunts you want early to visit friends and close comrades while later you will find you are able to get out in the world of public events.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Think out ways during the early part of the day to get things done at vocational activities, then you will be able to be off with good friends GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Your logical mind seeks new ways to

make your dreams come true, then you will be able to find practical ways to make them work away MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Private conversation with mate puts you both in a more secure frame of mind after which seek a greater rapport with an influential man.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Listen to some advanced suggestions given you by an outside associate and then you will be able to see ways to make more benefits from daily occupation.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Consider the best way you can serve your own family by doing

more of daily duties after which get together with an understanding

partner for recreation. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You are very much inspired to some idealistic course which will be very good for you and others concerned, then make surroundings

more pleasant. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) A more secure structure for you and your family is possible by some action early in the day, then join a good friend at an appealing

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Communicating early in the day with a very active outsider can aid you in attaining a desired goal, then get advice from an expert about money matters.

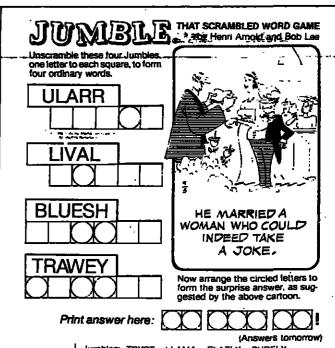
CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) A good morning to consider ways to schedule your coming days activities so you make more headway, then be off with a good friend at a hobby.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You can either make arrangements for future enjoyment or have it early today so perk up, while you then find practical matters take your time and energy. PISCES: (February 20 to March

20) Whatever you have in mind of a confidential nature can be arranged privately in the morning but then get outlets so others know your personal aims.



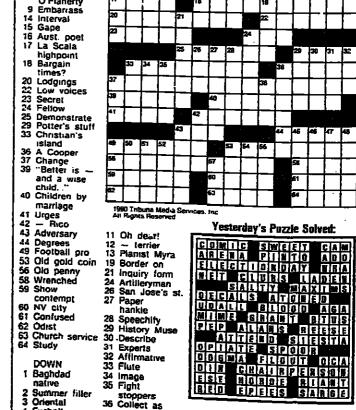
siderate slob! Peer pressure



Jumbles: TRYST LLAMA FLATLY SURELY Answer: What that self-made man who became neurotic was—SELF-TAUT

1:

### THE Daily Crossword by William Canine 1 Levin and Gershwin



5 Writer O'Flaherty

56 Old penny 58 Wrenched 59 Show

62 Odist

DOWN

1 Baghdad native 2 Summer 3 Oriental 4 Eyeball 5 Vein

contempt



33 Flute 34 Image 35 Fight stoppers
36 Collect as
condensatio

6 Stravinsky vote
7 "— Well That Brids Well" 42 Smut
8 Gibson 43 Wornes 42 Smut 43 Wornes

46 Hangman's halter 47 Divided 52 Tokyo peninsula 48 Golf great 49 Gamble

legislature 53 Watter — Mare 54 Trees 55 Chin.

vegetables 57 Surround

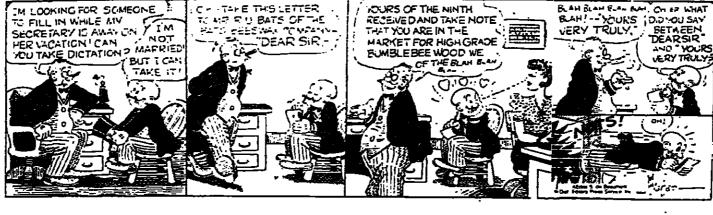
the auction, unless you feel that North might have checked for aces in case his side could make a grand slam. When it comes to the play, however, you will have to make up your own mind. West led the ace of hearts and East dropped the king! On the heart continuation, declarer took the precaution to ruff with dummy's queen

and vas taken aback when East produced a second heart. Had declarer now claimed his contract, it is just possible the opponents would have conceded, but declarer's mind was working overtime. Why had East falsecurded with the king of hearts? South concluded there could be only one explanation.

East held all three missing trumps and was hoping to set up a trump trick for himself by inveigling declarer to ruff high.

Having worked that out, declarer was read; to produce his own brilliancy. He led a trump from the table and, when East produced the six, declarer confidently finessed the eight! The logic was almost irrefut-able. Unfortunately, West won the trick with the jack—down one!

### Mutt'n'Jeff



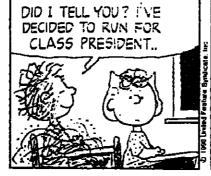
### **Andy Capp**

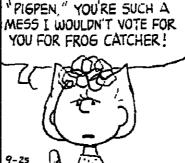


THEY WILL QUBE.
TILL TRY TO
BE PERFECT
IN EVERY WAY -GOOD GIRL. IT'S NEVER 700 LATE TO CHANGE



### **Peanuts**







### Abu Dhabi awards major contract for gas project

DUBAI (R) - Abu Dhabi, the biggest oil producer in the United Arab Emirates (UAE), was awarded a contract for a major natural gas expansion project despite the shadow of war over the

The Abu Dhabi Gas Liquefication Company (Adgas) awarded the \$600 million expansion of its Das Island gas plant to a consorrum including Japan's Chiyoda, oil industry sources said.

Talks on the project had been going on since last year.

The determination of both Abu Dhabi and Japanese companies to conclude the deal reflected confidence that long-term stability might follow the uncertainty in the Gulf since Iraq's invasion of Knwait, an oil industry executive

The project will almost double ted to be signed soon to build the Das Island plant's capacity to LNG tankers to take the gas to 4.3 million tonnes of liquefied natural gas (LNG) a year from 2.2 million. It also produces li- 20-year agreement Oct. 15 to buy

quefied petroleum gas (LPG). The expansion project includes a third train of refining facilities at Das Island, which lies off Abu Dhabi and refines natural gas from its big offshore oil and gas

To feed the third train Abu Dhabi will develop gas reservoirs at the nearby Umm Shaif and Abu Bakhoush oil fields, industry sources said.

Abu Dhabi's natural gas reserves are over 5.2 trillion cubic metres, or 4.6 per cent of the

### Islamic group opens trade talks

ISTANBUL (R) — The standing committee of the 44-member Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) began its sixth annual meeting in Turkey Sunday to discuss preferential trade and economic cooperation, the Anatolian News Agency said. Delegations from the member states will discuss cooperation in the areas of industry, agriculture, transportation, telecommunications and energy ahead of the ministerial-level meetings starting Tuesday and ending Oct. 10. A suggestion by a member of the Uganda delegation for including the Gulf crisis and its adverse economic impacts in the meeting's agenda was turned down. the agency said. The Iraqi delegation, which Turkish officials said was expected at the meetings, had not arrived yet, the agency

said, while the Kuwaiti officials

were present during Sunday's

# U.S. recession debate heats up

States is in one.

Federal Reserve (Fed) Chairman Alan Greenspan did not er, are not good. help the confusion by offering a tbook version of six months of economic decline.

No official definition of recession really exists, said Ken Gold- dramatically. stein, an economist at the Conference Board business group.

Economists say recent U.S. economic figures clearly point to a "downturn," "sluggishness," or "softness" but they have been cautious about using the R-word ness slump. too guickly.

Greenspan doesn't want to create the impression that the United States has fallen into a recession, since that would increase the pressure on the central bank to lower interest rates and stimulate the economy, analysts said.

While the Fed has been slowly

economists think they know what months, Greenspan has avoided a recession is, but they can't any dramatic move to ease credit agree on whether the United for fear of feeding his number

one enemy - inflation. The economic signals, howev-

The government reported Fridefinition at odds with the tex- day that the U.S. unemployment rate rose to a near 2-12 year high of 5.7 per cent in September, while new job growth slowed

> Manufacturing has been contracting, real estate has been battered. banks have cut back lending, and the stock market has fallen 17 per cent from its August peak, signalling a pervasive busi-

Economists said Washington's inability to come to terms with the massive U.S. budget deficit also means growth could be hurt later on, since continued U.S. borrowing keeps interest rates

Despite the warning signals, however, it might take some time

Poll names

Seattle best

NEW YORK (R) — Wall Street notching rates down in the past 10 before economists squarely de-emphasis on two quarters of ecocide the United States is in a nomic decline, since that may recession.

> The closest to an official defini-Cambridge, Massachusetts.

But by the time the National Bureau declares a recession it is usually six months to one year

Many economists, impatient for the bureau's decision, are predicting that a recession will start when the economy enters the fourth quarter.

And they say the Federal Resoon to stave off the event.

reflect statistical inaccuracies.

"Three years later when the tion is one used by the U.S. Department of Commerce gets its Commerce Department, based basic data revised you will find on findings by the national out you really were not in (a Bureau of Economic Research in recession)." Greenspan told the Senate in September.

It defines a recession as a A severe contraction, a true period of decline in output, in- recession, would be much more come, employment and trade, apparent than the current state of usually lasting from six months to affairs. "A process in which the a year and marked by widespread economy is deteriorating in a cumulative interactive man-

ner...never gets revised," he said. But some congressmen think Greenspan is splitting semantic hairs in order to forestall any quick move to lower interest rates for the time being.

For months now, the Fed chairman has held out the prospect of lower interest rates as a reward for a budget accord.

If the Fed eased interest rates serve should lower interest rates before a deal goes through Congress, a major incentive for the Grenspan, however, has reduction package would be cautioned about placing too much gone, economists said.

### **Hungary halts reexports** of fuel as oil imports fall

BUDAPEST (R) — Hungary, hit by the Soviet Union's cutback in oil exports to Eastern Europe this year, has stopped reexporting excess fael it previously sold for

The official MII news agency said Soviet oil exports to Hungary totalled only 3.87 million tonnes in the first nine months of the year instead of the contracted 4.42 million.

Moscow has already said it will deliver only 315,000 tonnes in October rather than the agreed 412,000 tonnes.

As a result, the Hungarian Oil and Gas Trust has been forced to buy 900,000 tonnes of oil on the open market this year, a costly strain on an economy struggling towards a free market system at a time when the Gulf crisis is raising oil prices.

In the past, the Trust bought oil at market prices only to meet domestic demand for petrol, then reexported excess derivative products such as diesel fuel and heating oil.

"Now the export of Hungarian oil products has ben stopped, and only imports of raw materials to meet domestic demand are per-

mitted," MTI said. Such sales earned Hungary \$400 million last year, but will probably fall short of \$300 million in 1990 because the country has

Hungary, where domestic oil production covers less than a quarter of demand, is heavily dependent on the Soviet Union for imports of natural gas and

Along with Poland, Czechosl-vakia and East Germany, it has felt the squeeze as the Soviet Union cuts back its oil exports to the region.

Moscow has told its Eastern European trading partners the shortfalls were caused by domestic problems of supply and demand. Western oil analysts say poor organisation and the Soviet need for hard currency also play a

no surplus fuel to export.

crease of 2.4 per cent, the agency said. electricity as well as for oil. Trade officials attributed the continuing surplus decline to reduced exports at a time when Taiwan faces an economic slow-

> Taiwan has projected 5.24 per cent economic growth this year, compared to 7.33 per cent in 1989. But the rise in oil prices caused by the Gulf crisis could lower the figure.

A \$1 billion contract is expect-

Japan. Tokyo Electric Power

Company (TEPCO) will sign a

the extra output, starting from

TEPCO has been buying over

2.4 million tonnes of LNG and

LPG from the existing plant on Das Island since 1977. The agree-

ment expires in 1997 but is ex-

Adgas is a joint venture be-tween the Abu Dhabi National

Oil Company (ADNOC), which

holds 51 per cent, and British

Petroleum, Total-CFP of France,

Mitsui and Co. Ltd, and Mitsui

Taiwan's trade

surplus shrinks

TAIPEI (AP) — Taiwan's trade surplus during the first three quarters of 1990 totalled \$9.39

billion, a 10.3 per cent drop from

the same period last year, the

The government's budget

office said the September surplus

was \$1.41 billion, up 36.6 per cent

Exports in the first nine months

this year totalled \$49.56 billion.

down 0.2 per cent from the same period of 1989, while imports totalled \$40.17 billion, an in-

government has announced.

from a year earlier.

Liquefied Gas Company.

pected to be renewed.

Taiwan's surplus with the United States, its largest trading partner, totalled \$7.01 billion in the nine-month period, down 22.5 per cent from a year earlier. | power and water desalination plants.

### Qatar writes off debts of 10 developing states

. . . . . .

NICOSIA (R) — Qatar's foreign ministry said Sunday it would write off debts of 10 Arab and African states, the Qatari News Agency

The agency said the decision, announced at the U.N. General Assembly Friday, covered Egypt, Syria, Morocco, Tunisia, Maurita nia, Somalia, Guinea, Uganda, Cameroon and Mali.

All 10 countries have denounced Iraq's Aug.2 invasion of Kuwait. The agency, received in Cyprus, said the decision covered all debts and all interest due on them but gave no details.

### Oman signs a \$74m gas expansion project

NICOSIA (R) — Oman Sunday signed a \$74 million contract with two companies from Japan and the Netherlands to double its natural gas output.

The Omani News Agency said the project to expand a gas treatment station in Yibal near the Saudi border would take 22 months to complete, increasing the country's daily natural gas output from 8.5 million cubic metres to 16.5 million.

The agency, received in Cyprus, said Oman's Oil Minister Said Al Shanfari signed the agreement with the two companies. It said expansion of the Yibal station was aimed at meeting increasing domestic demand for gas, mainly as fuel for industry and

# place in U.S. for business

SEATTLE (AP) — In the eyes of corporate executives, the U.S. northwest's biggest city is the best place in the nation to locate a business, elbowing out Atlanta for the top spot in an annual survey. About one-third of the 400 executives polled ranked Seattle "excellent" citing quality of life for employees and the likelihood that economic conditions will improve over the next vear. Seattle, the largest city in Washington State, finished second last year behind Atlanta in the survey by the commercial real estate firm Cushman and Wakefield. Atlanta, Georgia, dropped to sixth this year, after holding the top spot for the first four years the survey was conducted. Seattle finished first in the quality-of-life category.

### Algeria sees dinar convertible by 1992 ALGIERS (R) - Algeria's cur- a new system of concessionaires.

Ordinary Algerians can now reserves.

devaluing the currency which was have been spent abroad.

market by making scarce goods black market," Hadj-Nacer said.
more widely available through "More dinars will be available at increased domestic production or the official rate."

rency will be freely convertible by 
Under this system foreign firms 1992 at the latest under economic and their Algerian agents will be reforms designed to spur produc- able to sell selected goods directly tivity, central bank governor in hard currency.

Abderrahmane Hadj-Nacer said "This (new) system of concessionaires will speed up the con-"Convertibility can be vertibility of the dinar." Hadjachieved rapidly, by 1991 or 1992 Nacer said. "It will gradually at the latest," he told a confer- improve the productivity of the ence on state firms in crisis. economy and the size of our

exchange dinars for hard curren- The system gives priority to cy only on the black market, agricultural and industrial where they fetch one-third the schemes designed to boost official rate of 9.5 to the dollar. domestic production and it will The help bridge the gap, the also keep hard currency in the government has been gradually country that would otherwise

officially quoted at 8.2 to the This would boost the banking dollar at the start of this year. system's ability to offer hard cur-Government economic re-rency loans. "There will be less forms aim to curb the black pressure for hard currency on the

### AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Sunday, October 7, 1990

Central Bank official rates 652.0 1275.4 422.1 504.8 125.9

656.0 1283.1 424.6 507.8

 Japanese yen (for 100)
 493.4
 496.4

 Dutch guilder
 373.4
 375.6

 Swedish crown
 114.7
 115.4

 Italian lira (for 100)
 56.3
 56.6

 Belgian franc (for 10)
 205.0
 206.2

### **FOR SALE**

Toyota Supra, 1988 model, convertable, colour is red, full options. Duty unpaid.

Please call tel. 741156, Bassam.

### **FOR SALE**

Wooden Yamaha electrical organ "two layers' excellent condition. Coloured Nordmende T.V., 3 system, remote control set. Video "National" VHS. Frigedere 440 ltrs American refrigerator. Various other items in excellent condition.

Pis contact tel. 601027

nawa'em

(Arabic)

Friday & Sunday extra show at 11:00 a.m.

e: 12:30, 3:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

### Oil cuts force Balkan Air to reduce flights

FILIPINA MAID NEEDED

Pls. cail tel. 819190 between 2:00 and 8:00 p.m.

To work in a house. Very good salary.

SOFIA (R) - Reduced Soviet oil not be affected, they added.

The official told Reuters that flights to all destinations within Bulgaria would be cut this week. According to airline sources Balkan is to cut flights on its seven domestic routes, between Sofia and the major towns, by around half between Oct. 10 and

MADEMOISE-

**LLES** 

Performances: 12:30,3:30,6:30,8:30,10:30 p.m.

deliveries will force Bulgaria's Bulgaria has been among the national carrier Balkan Air to hardest hit by Moscow's decision reduce domestic flights drastical- to cut oil supplies to former East ly, a Sofia airport official said Bloc allies to around 30 per cent below contracted levels.

> Soviet officials have said the move was due to falling production and Moscow's increased reliance on hard currency in foreign trade transactions.

Bulgaria is due to introduce petrol rationing Oct. 15, setting a 27. International flights would limit of 40 litres per month.

### Vietnam bans foreign cigarettes as new

'imperialism' BANGKOK, Thailand (AP) — Vietnam has banned the import and consumption of foreign cigarettes, which the state radio called the new "imperialism" of the United States and other capitalist countries.

Violators face legal action under Prime Minister Do Muoi's directive no. 270, which came into effect last week, the official Radio Hanoi said.

Officials who protect illegal traders or who misuse the confiscated cigarettes will be punished, the broadcast said.

People who give the authorities information on cigarette smuggling rings will be rewarded, it

The official Vietnam News Agency last month said the ban was needed because imports were draining foreign exchange reserves, seriously hurting the local cigarette industry and creating consumption habits incompatible with the country's general living

U.S. and other foreign brands had been readily available on the black market. They were much more expensive than local brands but also much preferred by the Vietnamese, who are heavy smokers, as symbols of taste and luxury.

There were no legal imports of U.S. brands because of the U.S. government trade embargo, designed to pressure Hanoi to re-solve the war in Cambodia. But a commentary over the

official Radio Hanoi accused the United States and other capitalist countries of trying to carve out new "empires" with their cigarette exports.

#### LOST CERTIFICATE

A diploma certificate from Institutul Polytechnic Gh. Asachi lasi from College de Tehnologie Chimica. Certificate serial B No. 1014 dated June 23, 1984 in the name of Munther Moh'd Issa Suleiman Ash-hab

Anybody who finds it please call Zarka, telephone no. (09) 990821

### ANC eases socialist stance

try's economic future, has toned wants to nationalise some indus- South Africa.

The ANC, the country's lead-the most unequal patterns of dishas released an economic policy document, saying a top priority would be the redistribution of wealth through affirmative action

programmes favouring blacks. The group says it envisions a digit mixed economy, "but does not believe that market forces alone 1980s. ties of income."

Whites account for only five cies will produce economic million of the country's estimated stagnation in South Africa similar

ca (AP) - The African National the economy. Blacks have an say capitalism is the quickest way ita income of more white businessmen on the counthan \$1,000, one of the highest figures in Africa, but only a small down its socialist policies but still fraction of white incomes in

ing black opposition movement, tribution of income and wealth in the world," the ANC said. South Africa's economy, the

most powerful on the continent, currently is in a mild recession and has been suffering doubledigit inflation since the early

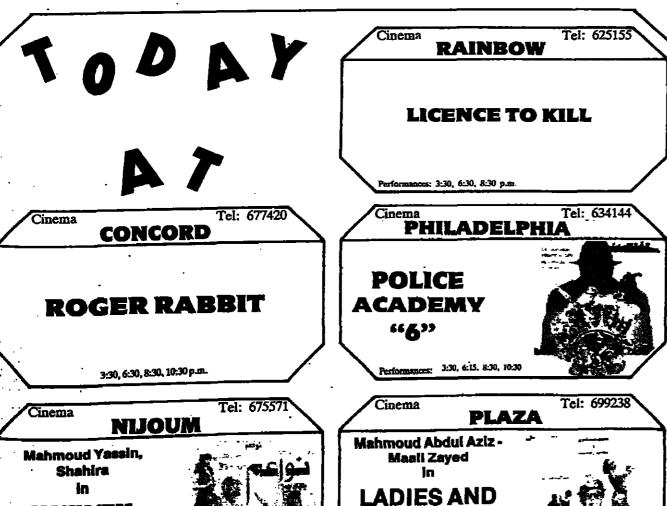
will result in anything but the perpetuation of existing dispariargue that socialist-oriented poli-

JOHANNESBURG, South Afri- 40 million people, but dominate to that in Eastern Europe. They But the ANC, led by Nelson Mandela, says the government must intervene to reduce to gulf

between white wealth and black poverty. When Mandela was released in February after 27 years in prison for plotting against the government, he said the ANC wanted to nationalise gold mines, banks and

other leading industries. But the 18-page document released last week refrained from specific calls to nationalise major industries.

It did say, however, that there might be cases for the "compulsory establishment of new public enterprises."





## Fire rages in Kashmir capital after troops clash with militants

capital accused paramilitary troops Sunday of setting a fire which spread through a downtown neighbourhood. They said the troops were retaliating after a clash with Muslim militants.

More than 100 tightly packed wooden houses were blazing or smoking, as residents carried whatever they could on their backs and fled through narrow alleys for safety.

It was not immediately known if there were casualties from the

Residents claimed the security forces shot at fire trucks to prevent them from reaching the blaze, and blocked the residents' escape route onto the main road. Government officials were not

in their offices Sunday and could not be reached for comment. The United News of India news agency reported that "fire broke out in six localities in the downtown" of Srinagar. It did not

elaborate. Troops "came and threw gunpowder on my house and my window caught fire," said Ghulam Rasson Gilkar. He said the troops also ignited gunpowder in two or three other houses. The fire spread swiftly.

From 100 metres away, the blaze could still be seen more than three hours after residents said it

A din of shouting and screams rose over the rooftops from the densely populated neighbourhood, which is about one mile from the city centre.

Residents and security men said the trouble began when an early morning patrol by paramilitary forces in two vehicles came under attack from Muslim separatists. A policeman on the street said

he heard one officer was critically wounded in the attack. Residents said that half an hour later, troops retaliated by setting fire to the houses.

United News of India quoted police sources as saying militants attacked patrols in several downtown areas Sunday morning, and the troops returned fire. It said there were no reported casual-

Srinagar is the summer capital of Jammu and Kashmir state. which has been wracked since January by a Muslim movement for secession from Hindu-dominated India.

At least 1,300 people have been killed in the 10-month campaign. Indian security forces have been accused in the past of human rights violations in trying to suppress the militant movement. În a separate development, a

19-year-old Indian student set

Relations between the 650-mil-

student self-immolation in protest at a plan to reserve more govern-

ment jobs for low-caste Hindus.

Chaddha, the ninth student to

attempt suicide by fire in three

weeks of New Delhi violence

against the job reservation plan.

quoted hospital sources as saying

Chaddha, who suffered 90 per

cent burns, shouted anti-govern-

ment slogans as she was taken for

plan will further jeopardise their

already dim chances of getting

much-prized posts in the govern-

in violent protests since Prime

Minister Vishwanath Pratap

Singh announced the plan on

back down on the plan to raise

from 22.5 per cent to nearly half

the government jobs reserved for

those at the bottom of the rigid

Hindu caste system, despite the

violence and pleas from backers of

The anti-reservation violence

which swept across north India.

where the caste system is most

rigidly observed, has faded signi-

ficantly in the past week, only to

be replaced by Hindu-Muslim

his minority government.

He has steadfastly refused to

More than 70 people have died

Upper-caste Hindus fear the

treatment.

Aug. 7.

ment bureaucracy.

The Press Trust of India

Police identified her as Monika

lion strong Hindu majority and India's 100 million Muslims have been fragile since a row over a religious site at Ayodhya in the northern state of Uttar Pradesh erupted into violence last year, leaving 1.000 people dead.

With Hindu fundamentalists. backed by the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) whose parliamentary votes keep Singh in power, determined to start building a temple on the site of an Ayodhya mosque on Oct. 30, tensions have again turned violent.

Nearly 80 people have been killed in religious riots in the past week after clashes during major Hindu and Muslim festivals.

In the Gonda area of Uttar Pradesh, where at least 37 people have been killed, police say they are still combing the countryside for more bodies and expect the

Uttar Pradesh Chief Minister Mulayam Singh Yadav appealed for peace Sunday and told local reporters he wanted to set up Hindu-Muslim committees to cool tempers.

In southern Karnataka state, at least 40 people have been killed in religious riots and police there also said they expected the toll to rise as reports came in from rural areas. Police said they feared the eventual toll would be much

### E. German

Although the 144 newcomers scarcely had time to get their bearings during Friday's one-day plenary meeting in Bonn, they made a noticeable difference to the atmosphere.

"What was striking was their spontaneity, self-confidence and ability to stick to the subject," said parliamentary speaker Rita Suessmuth, a West German Christian Democrat.

The new members, all veter-

"I didn't like the tone in parliament, it was very loud and shrill." said Louise Morgenstern, a 58-year-old member of the opposition Social Democrats (SPD).

added, referring to a debate on alternative military service in which leftists and conservatives traded insults. Marianne Birthler from the Alliance 90 Coalition of former

East German civil rights groups said proceedings in Bonn's Bundestag (lower house) seemed programmed and rehearsed.

#### began Friday night, a diplomatic source in the capital said. The source, reached by tele-phone from Nairobi, said the evacuees had departed on special chartered jet flights arranged by the French, Belgium and German the majority Hutu tribe in clan

were sparked by fighting in and around the capital early Friday. No governments have ordered evacuations of their citizens. "We had another calm night — no shooting," said the diplomat,

The evacuations, all voluntary,

who spoke on condition of anonymity. "Those leaving are mostly the wives and kids of people involved in various aid projects." The diplomat said he did not know how many others were

Evacuees

stream out

of Rwanda

NAIROBI, Kenya (AP) — Gov-

ernment forces and rebel invad-

ers from Uganda clashed in

northern Rwanda for the eight

day Sunday as the stream of evacuees from the capital grew

Up to a thousand foreigners,

primarily women and children,

had left Kigali by air by midday

Sunday in an evacuation that

governments.

awaiting evacuation. "But I would think that most of those who wanted to go have left." Friday's fighting in Kigali lasted a few hours, but there were

fears the conflict that started with the Sept.30 invasion by refugees from Uganda could degenerate into vicious inter-ethnic violence that has marked Rwanda's past. The invading rebels belong

mostly to Rwanda's minority Tut-

si ethnic group. They were chased

ISLAMABAD (R) — Ousted

Pakistan Prime Minister Benazir

Bhutto has been given new confi-

dence in her campaign to return to power as her rivals fall victim

to political infighting in the run-

With only 17 days left till the

Oct. 24 election, the anti-Bhutto

Islamic Democratic Alliance

(IDA) and its allies are squab-

gruntled politicians who failed to

win the IDA ticket are running as

up to elections.

city and at the airport was being provided by about 500 Belgian

Bhutto has new confidence

as opposition parties bicker

The cracks show most clearly in

Bhutto's home province of Sind,

where the IDA had yielded to

pressure from the right-wing

Jamaat-I-Islami Party to allow its

candidates to stand against those

of its allies in the Mohajir Nation-

Bolstered by the divisions

among her opponents. Bhutto's

political fortunes have revived

since President Ghulam Ishaq

"I think that on Aug. 7, the anti-Bhutto forces could have had

a sweeping victory, but I do not

think that is true now," a West-

Khan sacked her on Aug. 6.

thing like that."

fighting that killed tens of

but it was not clear whether they

were looking for arms or Tutsis.

Tutsis are generally distinguish-

able from the shorter, stockier

Hutus by their tall, lanky physi-

Many of the rebels are said to

thousands of people. More than 100,000 Tutsis fled into neigh-bouring Uganda, Zaire and Tanbe deserters from the Ugandan zania, where they been living as been reliably estimated. Figures cited by various diplomatic sources have ranged from a few refugees.
"We've heard reports of continued fighting in the north, inhundred to several thousand. cluding some artillery attacks by

the government," the diplomat "But there have been no official announcements or any-He said government soldiers were conducting house-to-house searches in some parts of Kigali,

Juvenal Habyarimana of abuse of power and corruption and say they want to install a democratic government. They deny that theirs is an ethnic war.

The rebels also say they would like to end the refugee problem. Security in large parts of the Rwanda, the continent's most densely populated nation, has been paratroopers and 300 French reluctant to readmit its refu because of a lack of space. reluctant to readmit its refugees

ment and Ghulam Ishaq Khan

Bhutto, who with several of her

former ministers faces charges for

alleged wrongdoing during her 20

months in government, is show-

woman. It is the name of a storm

which will sweep away every

obstacle in its way," she told a

rally in the Punjab town of Sahiw-

political storms which carry the

potential of shaking the very

foundation of our society and

nationhood," retorted caretaker

The nation does not need

Benazir is not the name of a

ing renewed confidence.

al Ériday.

have done for them."

sent 500 soldiers to Kigali from its elite presidential division.

army. Their numbers never bave They are led by Maj. Gen.

Fred Rwigyema, a Rwandan Tutsi who rose to become the deputy commander of Uganda's army. He was relieved of the post late

The guerrillas accuse President

### tion except for pains in her legs. managing director

NEW YORK (AP) — Albert K. Webster, who has managed the New York Philharmonic for 15 Mehta. Webster, who graduated from Harvard in 1959 with a degree in physics, worked as a chémical engineer for one year field. He became managing director at the philharmonic in 1975 and was given the additional title of executive vice president in 1978. His contract expires on Dec. 31,

JACKSON, Mississippi (AP) — A 2,000-pound (900-kilogramme)

NEW YORK (R) - A New York neighbourhood breathed a sigh of relief after police arrested a lion. The lion, whose roars disturbed people so much they called the police, was found in a one-room, no-exotic-animalsallowed flat in the Brooklyn residential area by investigators from the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. It was lying in a cage, having been put there by a man who always wanted to have a lion for a pet. The lion was described as being about six months old and investigators said she was not at all happy in her cage. The owner of the cub, identified only as an immigrant from the Dominican Republic, was said to be "shattered and perplexed" when the lion was taken to an animal shelter. He was issued summonses from keeping an exotic pet at

### herself ablaze Sunday in the latest Filipino rebel troops explode 2 bombs

MANILA (R) - Rightwing rebels exploded two bombs in Manila hours after the defeat of a short-lived rebellion in the southern Philippines, putting troops on renewed alert

One bomb planted by suspected rebel soldiers exploded inside the Philippine Military Headquarters at Camp Aguinaldo Saturday night, injuring a civi lian employee and wrecking a

Early Sunday, another blew up outside a Finance Ministry building in downtown Manila, but did little harm other than damaging a nearby wall and a tree, witnesses

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) — Just

five years after Brazil emerged

from the shadow of military rule,

the country's fragile democracy

has been shaken by voter apathy

of its citizens failed to cast valid

votes in Wednesday's elections

have alarmed Brazilian politi-

invalid votes are in the lead for

five state governorships and 15

senate races," the Globo Televi-

sion Network said in its evening

nearly two-thirds of Brazil's 84

million voters failed to vote for

congressmen in the polls. Nearly

half didn't registera preference for

the senate and almost a third

refused to help elect their state

"It is very worrying that a

country which has only just come

out of a period of authoritarian-

ism has already lost interest in

voting," said Supreme Electoral

Tribunal President Sydney San-

Full official results will only be

available in two weeks' time but

initial returns show candidates

loyal to right-wing President Fer-

nando Collor de Mello ahead.

But his victory is likely to be a

Voting is compulsory in Brazil

but up to 20 per cent of voters

defied the law and stayed at

home. Other citizens turned up

only to hand in blank or invalid

Latest projections show that

"Here is the news. Blank and

Reports that up to 60 per cent

in national elections.

bulletin Saturday.

governor.

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Brazil democracy shaken

frequent.

by scale of voter apathy

ploded in the capital since mid-August as part of a campaign to destabilise President Corazon

Aquino's government.
Aquino Sunday praised the fact that other army units had not joined the 50-hour insurrection on Mindanao Island. She said the failure of the revolt showed that the public firmly supported

"This shows once again our people will not support any group that seeks to overthrow our government," Aquino said in a newspaper column.

Those people who want to assume power cannot just grab More than 40 bombs have expower. They have to face the

or democracy will become de-

An austerity plan launched by Collor in March has meantsevere

hardship for millions of poor

Brazilians, despite the president's

campaign promise to protect

what he called "the shirtless

The country's immensely rich

Aquino, who has survived six coup attempts since being swept to power in a popular revolt in

1986, added:

They have to ask the people for their support and they have to get the mandate of the people. After all this is what a democracy is all about.

The two bombs exploded a few hours after rebel Colonel Alexander Noble was brought to military headquarters for interrogation after surrendering to military authorities on the southern island of Mindanao where he led a two-day revolt by several hundred soldiers and militiamen.

### Senator narrowly wins in

military rule, from 1964 to 1985. hundreds of political and trade NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana (R) union activists disappeared, A former leader of the white opposition politicians were exiled supremacist Ku Klux Klan has and allegations of torture were been narrowly rejected by voters in Louisiana in a U.S. Senate bid Voters have shown little rethat had embarrassed President spect for their elected representa-

tives. An oft-expressed view is that they are lazy, or corrupt, or One disillusioned cleaner in the southern state of Parana returned his voting card on election day saying. "I hereby renounce this supposed right which is incapable David Duke in unofficial returns. of staving off my hunger," the Official returns will not be avail-Jornal do Brasil newspaper re-

burning cross in the late 1970s. saluting Nazi-style and yelling. white victory.

elite have hardly been touched. leading to a growing popular feeling that - democracy or not things in Brazil have not changed. "The congressmen only ever think about us at election time," former Nazi-sympathiser to the said carpenter Zacarias de Andrade. "After the elections, if

we don't get out of their way, they trample us underfoot." Counting officers in the provincial town of Maua, Sao Paulo name to be stricken from the ballot.

thinly veiled racism.

said his Klan background was "a youthful indiscretion." He said he abandoned the Klan 10 years ago when he founded the National Association for the Advancement of white people.

Six Republican senators issued a statement in Washington Wednesday endorsing Johnston on grounds that "David Duke masquerades as a Republican, but has no place in our party and would bring discredit on the Senate as a whole."

Duke said that because Bagert withdrew so late votes for Bagert

### MPs make their mark BONN (R) - The united Ger-

man parliament will hold few formal sessions before all-German elections in December but new members from former East Germany have already made a

ans of East Germany's first and last democratically elected parliament (Volkskammer), said their first impressions of the enlarged 663-member chamber were not always favourable.

"I think we were more tolerant towards one another," she

The most colourful newcomer

was Gregor Gysi, fiery leader of 24 reformed Communist deputies from eastern Germany.

#### independents. Supposed political "The PPP has made strides. Prime Minister Ghulam Mustafa allies cannot agree which party not far anything they bave done, Jatoi. Taiwanese opposition supports demand for de facto independence

ern diplomat said.

TAOYUAN, Taiwan (R) -Taiwan's opposition party Sun-day took one of the biggest political risks of its short career by demanding Nationalist Taipei drop its 40-year-old claim to be the rightful government of all

Ignoring last minute appeals by worried Nationalist officials, delegates to a Democratic Progressive Party (DPP) congress stood and applauded as the party unanimously approved a motion saying Taiwan's government has no poli-

tical rights to mainland China

short of an outright demand for tries to strike out on its own. Taiwan independence. Nevertheless, it is certain to be regarded as an act of sedition by the govern-Taiwan independence is sound-

ly rejected both by the Nationalists and their Communist rivals in Peking, who drove them into exile from the Chinese mainland in 1949. Both say Taiwan is part of China and the division is only temporary. Peking has warned it will take

Taiwan by force if the small, but The resolution stopped just economically powerful island

"What we are doing is simply making a statement of fact," said former DPP Chairman Yao Chia-Wen, leader of the party's radical wing and author of the resolu-

"After all, we weren't the ones who split Taiwan from China." The DPP took its vote as President Lee Teng-Hui convened the

first meeting of his new National Unification Council, aimed at calming fears on both sides of the Taiwan Strait that he backs independence for the island of 20

#### Bonn, Berlin battle over government's home totally unacceptable as political ernment complex, but they're needed to move the government

BONN (AP) — Bonn glumly accepted fate when Berlin became the capital of reunified Germany, but the quiet city on the Rhine has its dander up over proposals to move the seat of government. Bonn was West Germany's

capital for 41 years, but Berlin became the symbolic capital on unity day, Oct. 3. Bonn remains government and parliamentary Federal lawmakers will be ex-

amining whether Berlin should take over that role as well. The Bonn-Berlin feud has already taken a number of nasty

Bonn boosters charge Berlin is ill-suited to become government seat since it was the centre of Nazi power from 1933-1945. They also point out Bonn was the crucible for German democracy after the Nazi years.

"Bonn was federal capital for over 40 years," said Bonn mayor Hans Daniels. "During this time it became a symbol of the first successful German democracy."

"This city (Bonn) — which has no !riumphal arches - has never displayed itself with arrogance," Daniels said in a newspaper interview one day before unity. It was an oblique reference to Berlin's famous Brandenburg Gate and the Nazi parades that were once held there.

But Berlin backers say Bonn is will be discarded under state law. I so small and unexciting that it is ride a tour bus to view the gov- moth financial outlays would be stickers reading "yes to Bonn." home.

centre of the new, enlarged Germany.

"Berlin is supremely suited (to be government seat) in view of its location, its history, and its role as a cultural crossroads." said Berlin Mayor Walter Momper. Momper also says that unlike Bonn, in the eyes of the world

Berlin is in the same class as London. Rome, Paris, and Madrid. That kind of talk raises the hackles of Daniels and other Bonn supporters.

According to Daniels, keeping the government and parliament in Bonn would ensure that Berlin would not acquire the centralised rest of Germany.

"The Germans would be declaring for themselves a national modesty with Bonn as the seat of government and parliament." said Daniels. Indeed, if there's any one word

that best fits Bonn, it's "modest." The government complex in Bonn is a strewn-around collection of buildings whose architectural styles range from drab to dismal.

sessions in Bonn's former water-Visitors don't generally spend much time in Bonn. They might

Federal lawmakers hold their works, a vast, homely structure on the banks of the Rhine.

rarely seen getting out for a close-Bonn's best-known sights such as Beethoven's birthplace,

its charming market square and 18th-century city hall - require less than a day of casual looking. Lawmakers from now-extinguished East Germany showed some curiosity about Bonn when they attended the new all-German parliament's first work-

ing session Friday. But they quickly left town when the session was over, some of them complaining about finding a place to eat late at night. In contrast, Berlin is home to a seemingly infinite array of cultupower it once wielded over the ral and historical offerings, including the Berlin Wall, the Reichstag, numerous museums, and some of the best music and theatre in Europe.

> Nonetheless, Bonn boosters say tourist appeal has nothing to do with government.

> Daniels says Bonn, sitting on the rim of Western Europe, is a perfect "bridge" between the new Germany and the West. Daniels also says that Bonn would become a virtual ghost

> liament were moved out. Of Bonn's 300,000 people, the vast majority have jobs somehow linked to the government.

town if the government and par-

Daniels also points out mam-

to Berlin. Some experts say the transfer could cost up to 100 billion marks (\$65 billion). Another argument against the

move is that Bonn is already in the midst of enormously expensive construction projects that include the building of a new parlia-ment and generally giving the city more appeal. It would be Deutsche marks

down the drain if those projects were stopped now. There have been hints from

Chancelior Helmut Kohl's government that he too thinks moving the government would be too costly. Kohl recently said parliament should not rush into making a decision on the matter. This is certainly not a question which is of any urgency to me, as

far as the agenda is concerned," said Kohl. But it's an open question whether the new parliament with many new lawmakers who favour Berlin - will agree with

Whoever emerges victorious from this battle, Bonn's selfesteem has been boosted immeasurably from its ongoing

scrap with Berlin. That becomes clear while sitting in a traffic jam, waiting for a tractor carrying manure to clear an intersection, and one notices the large number of cars bearing

### Kris Aquino falls during live TV show MANILA (AP) - President

Corazon Aquino's 19-year-old daughter fell from a stage Sunday as she was about to sing and dance during a live television show. Kristine Bernadette Aquino was rushed to a hospital with undisclosed injuries. The show's producer said she was not seriously hurt. Producer German Moreno said Ms. Aquino missed the steps of a makeshift platform while preparing for a dance routine. She fell and disappeared beneath the 5-foot stage in front of a national television audience and thousands of surprised viewers at the Araneta Coliseum in suburban Quezon City, where the show is aired. The incident caused panic as presidential guards and production staff rushed to pull her out from the hole. A director was seen signalling crewmen to shut off cameras. "Accidents always happen," a trembling Moreno said on television. "We did not expect that it would happen to her. I would like to apologise." At the end of the show, Moreno announced that Ms. Aquino, a fledgling but high-

# **New York orchestra**

ly paid actress, was in good condi-

years, has announced he will resign at the end of the year to work as an arts consultant. Webster, 52, said he delayed his decision until a new music director was chosen to replace Zubin Mehta. who is leaving in May at the end of the 1990-91 season. Kurt Masur, music director of the orchestra in Leipzig, Germany, was chosen in April to replace before quitting to enter the arts after which he will serve as consultant to the 148-year-old philharmonic for two years.

#### Loose buil scatters crowd at fair

Brahman bull got loose at the Mississippi State Fair, scattering crowds and bowling over pursuers. "If it had of been any other kind of bull but a Brahman, we could have walked right up to it," said Jamie Cox. "But Brahmans are mean." The bull snapped its rope behind a barn and wandered into a field where cars and livestock trailers were parked. Then the buil, apparently frightened by a growing circle of onlookers. stormed toward the midway. "I looked up and saw a lot of scary looks like there was a gang fight," said Johnny Minninger. "All of a sudden, a buil came out of the crowd with about 50 people chasing it." Fire Lt. Rudy Brooks suffered a blow to his left knee when he tangled with the bull. He said it knocked him into a trailer and under it. "I had him around the head trying to keep from getting my insides squashed out," Brooks said. The growing crowd steered the bull into a left turn. past a concession stand, and into the livestock judging arena where it was corralled with a makeshift cage. "We brought in another bull and a heifer to tame him down," Brooks said.

#### Lion found in Brooklyn flat

#### ballot papers. Justice Minister Bernardo Cabstate. nominated one urn "disillusion" after finding that more than ral said voters had "sent a clear half the votes inside it were inmessage to the politicians. Either Osaka workers tired, broke

workers in the slums of Osaka said Sunday they were short of cash and sick of violence after five nights of protests against alleged police links with organised crime.

Cleaning crews moved into the Nishinari Airin slum district to haul away hundreds of burnt-out cars and vending machines, leaving few traces of the latest violence that went on until the early hours of Sunday in the Western Japanese city. More than 1,500 rampaging

workers set fire to cars. hurled

stones and bottles and tried to lay

siege to a police station that has

become a target of popular out-

rage over links between police

after 5-day anti-police riots OSAKA, Japan (R) - Tired and Japan's powerful "yakuza" or gangsters. Some 2,500 riot troops used

batons and water cannons to defend the police station. The protests — Japan's worst labour violence in 20 years began last Tuesday after allegations that a Nishinari policeman

low-paid day labour. A police spokesman said 186 people, including 148 police, had so far been injured. Arrests total-

had taken bribes from local gangsters who have a monopoly on the recruitment of workers for

ied 55. By Sunday some of the labourers said they were ready to go

### they stay on the side of the people Louisiana During the 21 years of Brazil's

George Bush's Republican Party. With 95 per cent of the votes counted in the southern state in Saturday's primary election, J. Bennett Johnston, a Democrat and U.S. senator for 18 years, led by 53 per cent to 44 per cent over former Klan Grand Wizard

able until Tuesday. Duke's controversial past and unofficial candidacy as a conservative Republican drew national attention. Johnston's campaign televised film clips of Duke in his KKK days beneath a

The official Republican Party candidate withdrew from the race Thursday and Republican leaders had urged Louisiana voters to re-elect Democrat Johonston rather than send the 40-year-old

Johnston claimed victory and held out an olive branch to Duke supporters. But Duke refused to concede defeat and said Saturday night that he might challenge the election results because the official Republican candidate, state Senator Ben Bagert, withdrew from the race too late for his

Duke, a polished state legislator, campaigned with a populist. champion-of-the-common-man message his opponents consider

Duke dismissed such critics and

bling over seats. They appear to have failed in efforts to make the vote a simple one-to-one contest against Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party (PPP).
In many constituencies, dis-